The Sydney Morning Herald.

PRICE THREEPENCE.——£3 PER ANNUM.] VOL. XXXII FRIDAY, JANUARY 9, 1852 No. 4572 [CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS. For one inch and under, 3s.; and 1s. for every additional inch for each insertion

PACKET FOR THE CLARENCE RIVER.

THE unrivalled clipper brigantine HANNAH, 80 tons, H. W. Ellis, master, is detained till Saturday next, at 4 P.M., at particular request of shippers. Those who have made engagements are solicited to complete them without delay. The accommodations for passengers are equal to those of any vessel in the trade. Apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent. Albion Wharf, (foot of Market-street.) 727

FOR TWOFOLD BAY.

Being the nearest port to the Maneroo Diggings—the richest Gold Field in the colony. Detained till Wednesday next, at special request, and for convenience of shippers and passengers.

THE clipper ANN MARY, 80 tons, Francis, master, has room for 5 horses. JOHN MORRIS, Agent. Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street.) 729

FOR TWOFOLD BAY,

Being the nearest port to the Maneroo Diggings the richest gold field in the colony.

THREE of the celebrated first-class clipper Schooners belonging to the Albion Wharf line of Coasters, are now laid on for this port. Their accommodations are first-rate. Apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent. Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street.) 730

FOR WIDE BAY DIRECT.

THE first-class Schooner HERCULEAN, 110 tons register. Shippers and passengers will please take notice that the Schooner will be cleared at the Customs this afternoon, and will sail first fair wind. For freight or passage apply to THOMAS CROFT, Commercial Wharf. January 9. 734

FOR MORETON BAY.

A Regular Trader.

THE fine schooner LAVINA, 90 tons, H. Wyborn, master, is now ready to receive cargo, and will positively sail on Tuesday next, 13th instant (wind and weather permitting). For freight or passage, having first-rate accommodations, apply on board; or to HENRY CLARKE, Union Wharf. January 9 757

ARALUEN GOLD DIGGINGS.—FOR MORUYA RIVER.

THE fine schooner NIGHTINGALE, 50 tons, Thomas Smith, master, having most of her cargo and passengers engaged, will sail tomorrow evening (wind and weather permitting). For particulars of freight or passage apply on board; or, to HENRY CLARKE, Union Wharf. January 9. 756

PACKETS FOR THE VICTORIA GOLD FIELDS.

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT. FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

On Sunday, the 11th Instant.

THE Clipper Brig CLARA, 210 tons register, A. Devlin, commander, is now loading at the Flour Company's Wharf, and the greater portion of her cargo being engaged, will sail as above.

This beautiful Brig goes direct to the Wharf, is commanded by an old Port Phillip Trader, and has most superior accommodations for passengers, the steerage being thoroughly ventilated, and refitted under the direction of Mr. Korff, Marine Surveyor.

Steerage passengers are reminded this vessel will supply fresh provisions every alternate day. No vessel will leave the port better fitted and found.

For passage apply on board; or to E. M. SAYERS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 489, George-street. 311

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE clipper schooner FAVORITE, Thomas Stericker, commander, is now loading, and is under engagement to a party of gentlemen who have engaged her cabins to sail on Sunday, the 11th instant.

This vessel makes her passages with the regularity of a steamer, and is in every respect a first rate conveyance.

For a few tons of light freight or steerage passage, apply to E. M. SAYERS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 489, George-street. 470

QUEEN OF SHEBA FOR MELBOURNE.

THIS splendid Clipper Ship clears at the WATER POLICE To morrow. Intending passengers are invited to call on board and inspect the spacious accommodations. For passage only, immediate application is necessary, on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or, to SHEPPARD AND ALGER. Packet Office, 470, George-street. 736

CHAMPION FOR MELBOURNE.

For Passengers only.

THIS splendid A1 Brig sails positively on TUESDAY NEXT. Passengers are requested to call on board and inspect her spacious 'tween decks and fittings. Early application is necessary on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or, to SHEPPARD AND ALGER. Packet Office, 470, George-street. 735

PACKET FOR MELBOURNE.

THE splendid clipper packet PRINCE OF WALES, Charles Gaunt, commander, having all her cargo engaged, and now fast loading, will sail on Monday next, the 12th instant.

FOR PASSAGE only, having unsurpassed accommodations for cabin and steerage passengers; spacious stern cabin for ladies or families, beds, bedding, provisions, wines, beer, and spirits, &c., found on board free of charge; immediate application is necessary on board at Moore's Wharf, (for the present, where she is loading,) or, to SHEPPARD AND ALGER. Packet Office, 470, George-street. 541

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT,

For Passengers only,

THE fine first-class Ship MARY CATHERINE, Charles Brockman, commander, 345 tons register, having her spacious and lofty 'tween decks ready fitted (with all the berths and conveniences the same as on her recent voyages to California and back with a superior class of passengers) is by request laid on, and will sail with quick despatch. For passengers only, immediate application is necessary, on board, at the Circular Wharf; or, to SHEPPARD AND ALGER. Packet Office, 470, George-street. Wanted, a few able seamen; apply on board. 213

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

To sail positively Sunday, 11th instant.

THE splendid frigate-built ship SCOTIA, A1, 1000 tons, Thomas Strickland, commander.

The above ship presents an opportunity of transit of passengers to the VICTORIA GOLD DIGGINGS, with space and comfort such as has never before been offered to the public. Those who wish to study economy, both in time and money, should avail themselves of an early application as there are but few births disengaged.

The cabin passengers will be supplied with a table equal to any of Mr. Green's Indiamen, with every comfort and luxury that a gentleman could wish for in his own establishment. Intermediate passengers will also have a liberal table.

Steerage passengers will have a plentiful scale of good provisions, with every attention to their comfort.

Each passenger allowed to take half a ton of luggage, if required.

For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board, Dunphy Quay; or, to [illegible] SCOTT AND CO.

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE REGULAR TRADERS.

DIANA, 150 tons. HIRONDELLE, 130 tons. J. LOVETT, 200 tons, now hourly expected, will be despatched a few days after arrival. These vessels are too well known to require further notice.

For freight or passage apply to E. M. SAYERS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 489, George-street. 313

FOR HOBART TOWN.

Detained till Sunday at the request of passengers.

THE fine fast-sailing packet Brig EMMA, 170 tons, R. F. Pockley, commander.

Shippers by this vessel are requested to have their goods sent down at once, and their entries passed on Friday, as she positively will clear on Saturday.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply on board, at the Queen's Wharf; or to JOHN MACNAMARA, Queen-street. 739

FOR LAUNCESTON,

Having the principal portion of her cargo on board; and has room for a few tons, if sent down immediately.

THE first-class clipper brigantine HELEN, 120 tons, Cobban, master. This fine vessel, noted for her speed, will clear at the Customs on Saturday, and sail the first fair wind after. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to JOHN MORRIS, Agent. Albion Wharf (foot of Market-street.) 728

FOR WELLINGTON, PORT COOPER, AND OTAGO,

Will meet with quick despatch.

THE fine first-class Schooner TITAN, 160 tons register, Captain Ferguson. For freight or passage apply to BUYERS AND LEARMONTH, Harrington-street. 308

FOR TAHITI.

With immediate despatch.

THE first-class colonial-built brig RIVER CHIEF, 158 tons register, T. J. W. B. Horsley, commander. For freight or passage (having superior accommodations), apply on board, at the Circular Wharf; to MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO., Or, to SHEPPARD AND ALGER. Packet Office, 470, George-street. 46

(At Botts' Wharf)

FOR AUCKLAND.

THE Brig RAVEN, 226 tons, Captain Bowden, will meet with her usual despatch. WILLIAM WRIGHT. 646

FOR TAHITI, VIA NAVIGATOR ISLANDS.

With Immediate Despatch.

THE clipper-built schooner HELEN MAR, For freight or passage apply to Captain Needham, on board; or, LANE AND CO., Lower George-street, 70

FOR HONGKONG AND MANILA.

THE fine fast-sailing A1 British-built Barque ARABIA, 362 tons, J. J. Davis, Commander, will sail in a few days for the above port, calling at MANILA to take in cargo, should sufficient inducement offer.

For freight or passage apply to THACKER AND CO., 618 George-street.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF GOLD.

THE barque ORIENTAL, 590 tons, Captain Carr, will sail for London on the 11th instant. Has one poop cabin disengaged, and room for one steerage passenger. 617 J. B. METCALFE.

FOR LONDON.

For Wool and Passengers only.

THE new frigate-built ship VIMEIRA, 1100 tons, HENRY NEATBY, (late of the Waterloo), Commander, will sail on the 15th February next.

Apply to EDWARD N. BURGESS, Macquarie-place; or SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO. 294

FOR LONDON.

For light freight and passengers only.

THE fine barque AUTUMNUS, A1, 323 tons, Thomas A. Jackson, commander, will sail about the 15th January next. For freight or passage, cabin or steerage, apply to the Captain, on board; to BUYERS AND LEARMONTH; or, J. B. METCALFE. December 18. 12595

FOR LONDON.

For light freight and passengers only.

THE splendid fast-sailing ship QUITO, 503 tons, A1 for 13 years (now on her first voyage), Edward Davis Goulding, commander. Has the whole of her dead weight engaged and will sail on the 5th February. This vessel has first-rate accommodations for cabin and steerage passengers. Apply to the Captain, on board; or 13492 J. B. METCALFE.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE splendid fast-sailing A1 ship WANDSWORTH, 1000 tons, George Dunlop, commander. This vessel has nearly all her cargo on board, and requiring only a limited quantity of wool to fill up, will sail immediately. Has very superior cabin accommodation, and can comfortably accommodate a few intermediate passengers, who will have a separate poop cabin. Rates of passage: Cabin, £45; intermediate, £25.

This vessel being well armed, and a smart ship, offers a desirable opportunity to shippers of gold. Apply to GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER, 422 Lyons-buildings, George-street.

FOR SALE

THE splendid clipper brigantine COLUMBUS, 149 tons register.

This beautiful vessel is particularly well adapted for a packet to run between the colonies, being a most superior built vessel, and fitted for cabin passengers in a style unequalled in the colony; she is of a light draft of water, and in all other respects a most desirable vessel; she has a full and perfect inventory, and could be sent to sea at once without expense. The attention of persons desirous of having a smart craft, is particularly directed to this. For terms, &c, apply to the master, on board, in the Cove, or, to THORNTON AND CHURCH, 625 Custom House.

AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF COUNCIL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Half-Yearly General Meeting of the Proprietors will be held at the Offices of the Company, in Sydney, on Friday, the 30th instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of receiving from the Directors their Half-Yearly Report, of declaring a Dividend, and of transacting any other general business that may be brought before the meeting in terms of the Deed of Settlement. JAMES PATERSON, Manager. A.S.N. Co.'s Wharf, January 3. 380

NEW SOUTH WALES MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, — EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, GEORGE-STREET.

CAPITAL, £150,000.

DIRECTORS:

E. KNOX, Esq., (Chairman) | JOHN FAIRFAX, Esq.
S. A. DONALDSON, Esq., M.C. | JOHN GILCHRIST, Esq.
JOHN H. CHALLIS, Esq. | JOHN WALKER, Esq.

Surveyor—Captain W. S. DALGETTY.

The Directors meet every Wednesday for general business at 11 o'clock, and on other days at a quarter before One o'clock, to receive applications for insurances.

Risks taken on vessels 35 tons register and upwards.

RATES OF PREMIUM.

Free *from particular* average.

	Guinea, per cent.		Guinea, per cent.
Europe	2	Port Otago	1½
Great Britain	1¾	Cooper	1½
China, India, and Manila	2	Launceston	1½
Java	1½	Hobart Town	1½
Torres Straits	1½	Adelaide	1½
South America	1¼	Portland Bay	2
California	1½	Port Fairy	2½
Mauritius	1	Twofold Bay	1½
Bourbon	1½	Port Phillip	1½
Cape of Good Hope	2	Ditto, per steamer	1½
Auckland	¾	Clarence River	1½
Port Nicholson	1¼	Ditto, per steamer	1
Nelson	1½	Moreton Bay, by either passage	1
		Wide Bay	1½

Goods insured with particular average an addition of ½ to ¾ per cent. is made to the above rates. Time risks subject to special arrangement.

By order of the Board, ROBERT GARRETT, Secretary. Sydney, 30th October. 8763

NEW SOUTH WALES MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, George-street.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Directors of this Company grant Policies, in triplicate, on produce from Sydney to Great Britain, payable, in case of loss, in London, at the following rates of premium, viz.:—

Wool, average payable on every bale as if separately insured, 2½ Guineas per cent.
Tallow, Oil, and other goods free from particular average, 1¾ Guineas per cent.
Gold Dust, 1½ Guineas per cent.

With the usual allowance of 5 per cent. brokerage, and an additional allowance of 10 per cent. discount.

By order of the Board, ROBERT GARRETT, Secretary. Sydney, November 26. 10770

AUSTRALIAN GENERAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, No. 488, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY,

CAPITAL—£400,000, IN 4000 SHARES.

DIRECTORS

H. H. Browne, Esq., Chairman
William Brown, Esq., Deputy Chairman
John Alexander, Esq. | Robert Graham, Esq.
Alex. Campbell, Esq. | Robert How, Esq.

MARINE SURVEYOR.

Captain Ashmore, Kent-street North.

LONDON AGENT,

Thomas Brown, Esq., 33, Great St. Helens Bishopsgate-street.

The Directors attend daily to receive applications for insurances. Risks are taken on goods and vessels of forty-five tons register and upwards to all ports.

Gold and specie insured from Sydney to London, or other ports in Great Britain, by any of Her Majesty's ships at the rate of one per cent, and by merchant vessels at the rate of one and a half per cent.; and policies will be granted in triplicate, payable in London, in case of loss, if required.

The Board meets every Wednesday at one o'clock for the despatch of general business.

Rates of Premium per cent, free from averages unless general.

Europe	2	Colonial Trade— Hobart Town	1¼
China, India, & Manila	2	Launceston	1¼
Java	1½	Port Phillip	1¼
South America	1½	Ditto per steamer	1¼
Mauritius or Bourbon	1½	Adelaide	1¼
		Auckland	1¼
Cape of Good Hope	2	Port Nicholson	1¼
		Port Nelson	1¼
Torres' Straits	2	Moreton Bay (by the northern passage)	1
Whaling vessels for the voyage	9 to 10	Wide Bay	1½

For goods, &c., insured with particular average, an advance is made on the above rates of ¼ to ½ per cent.

Time risks subject to special agreement.

N.B.—Notice is hereby given, that the Company's Surveyor will attend on the arrival of each vessel in which they may be interested, to report upon the stowage of the cargo, &c., and that where claims are likely to be made, notice is required to be left at the Company's Office on the arrival of the vessel. JOHN D. GIBSON, Secretary. 8830

SIXTY-FOURTH ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.

A MEETING of the Committee will be held at the Custom House Hotel, Macquarie-place, THIS DAY, Friday, at four o'clock in the afternoon, at which all members who have received circulars are particularly requested to attend. PARRY LONG, Secretary. January 9. 778

ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.

TENDERS will be received by the Committee for two Booths, to be erected at Lady Macquarie's Chair, for the ensuing Regatta, on Friday, the 9th January instant, at four o'clock in the afternoon, at the Committee Rooms, Custom House Hotel, Macquarie-place. PARRY LONG, Secretary. January 8. 777

OLYMPIC CIRCUS,

Castlereagh-street, in the rear of the Painter's Arms.

MR. J. S. NOBLE has the honour of announcing to the public of Sydney that he has opened the above place of amusement, which will be continued every evening during the week. The performance varying nightly. 720

VENETIAN CASINO.

MR. A. EMANUEL'S Promenade Concert and Soirée Dansante, THIS EVENING, Friday, the 9th January, at the Royal Hotel, will consist of the following fashionable Dances.

1. Set of Quadrilles
2. Polka
3. Scottische
4. Valse deux Temps
5. Set of Quadrilles
6. Polka
7. Scottische
8. Spanish Waltz
9. Polka
10. First Set of Quadrilles
11. Polka
12. Grand Finale — Sturm March Gallop.

The doors of the Casino will be open at eight o'clock, when the City Band will play a variety of popular music. Dancing to commence precisely at half-past eight. Admission - One Shilling. 271

CIRCUS. CIRCUS. CIRCUS.

J. MALCOM respectfully announces that his Circus, York-street, will open every Evening with an entire change of Programme. For particulars see bills. 722

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON,

CAPITAL ONE MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

REDUCED SCALE OF PREMIUMS:—

	Per annum. Per cent. s.	d.
Slated brick or stone buildings detached	5	0
Ditto ditto ditto ditto contiguous	7	6
Ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto to inferior Buildings	10	0
Shingled ditto ditto ditto detached	10	0
Ditto ditto ditto contiguous	12	6
Inferior buildings 15s. and	17	6

Vessels in harbour with or without warrantry to repair and ships building.

Hazardous risks subject to special arrangement.

Losses by lightning made good.

All losses promptly adjusted in Sydney. GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO., Agents. Spring-street, Sydney. 4109

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY OF SYDNEY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the General Half-Yearly Meeting of the Proprietors of this Bank, will be held within the Banking House, George-street, on Tuesday, the 13th of January proximo, at 12 o'clock precisely, to receive the Report of the Directors, and to declare a dividend for the half year ending 31st December.

By order of the Board. A. H. HUTCHINSON, Manager. Commercial Bank, Sydney, 27th December, 1851. 13288

NOTICE.- The Committee of the Sydney Chamber of Commerce are now ready to receive applications from parties who may be desirous of submitting any matters in dispute to their arbitration. Scale of Fees adopted by the Committee may be seen on application to the Secretary.

Printed Tables of the Rates of Commissions adopted by the Committee, may be had on application to the Secretary.

By order of the Committee, WM. DAWES, Secretary. Exchange Buildings, January 5. 416

THE employers of Journeymen Tinplate workers are requested to attend a meeting to be held at the Royal Hotel, on Friday, the 9th instant, at 4 P.M., to consider matters of importance connected with the trade. F. R. ROBINSON, 585 Honorary Secretary.

KING'S SCHOOL, PARRAMATTA.—The duties of the King's School, Parramatta, will be resumed on Monday, the 19th instant.

Head Master, Rev. R. Forrest, A.M.
Second Master, Rev. J. Milner, A.B., Oxford.

The Rev. R. Forrest avails himself of the opportunity of stating, in answer to a report which has reached him from several quarters, that it is neither his intention to resign the King's School, nor to absent himself therefrom beyond the vacation. 608

MRS. ROBERTS begs to announce to friends, that her School will be reopened on Wednesday, January 13. 333, George-street. 748

PRIVATE EDUCATION.

A LADY, accustomed to Tuition, is desirous of meeting with an engagement as a Morning Governess. The Advertiser is capable of imparting to her pupils a sound English course of instruction, together with Music, French, and Drawing. Letters addressed to E. L. W., *Herald* Office, will be attended to. 711

FOR THE TURON.—A four-horse Team will be ready to leave on Saturday next, for the Turon Mines; only a few cwt. wanted to complete the loading. Early application is necessary, at No. 360½, George-street, opposite the Market. 744

SYDNEY AUCTION BAZAAR, 240, PITT-STREET,

For the Sale of Horses, Carriages, and Harness, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

CHARLES MARTYN begs to announce, that he has This Day opened the above establishment, the principle upon which he intends conducting his business will be that of strict attention to all orders received, punctuality and despatch in all business matters, and immediate settlement of all sales effected.

C. M. has spared no expense in making extensive alterations and additions for the reception of horses and carriages intended for sale, which will be found upon inspection not to be surpassed in the colony.

The Forge and Farrier's department will be conducted by Mr. John Williams, whose veterinary experience is well known. Sydney, January 1. 32

THE undermentioned ARTICLES, with many other GOODS, will be found in the STOCK of the undersigned, now SELLING OFF AT VERY REDUCED PRICES—

IRONMONGERY.

Iron, bar and bolt
" Angle sizes
" Hoop "
" Sheets "
" Ditto galvanized
" Boiler plates, 5-16, ⅜, and ½ inch
Tin, block
" Plates, charcoal IC, IX, and IXX
Lead, sheet
Zinc, ditto
Ploughshare moulds
Cart boxes
Steel, single and double shear
" Cast and spring
Copper, bolt and nails
Wire, iron and brass
Files and rasps
Nails, Ewbank's patent (sizes)
" Lath, cut
" Iron and zinc slating
" BB horse
Flooring brads
Shoe bills and hobs
Locks, brass cove
" Camp desk
" Chest
" Cupboard
" Dead
" Rim
" Drawback
" Mortice
" Ditto ditto sash
" Ditto ditto gate
" Pad, brass and iron
Latches, Norfolk and bow
" French and sash
Hinges, Butt brass and iron
" T and Chest
" Parliament
Bolts, brass and iron
Bell furniture
Bed screws
Wood ditto
Iron saucepans
" Boilers
" Teakettles
" Tea kitchens
" Frying pans
" Pots and camp ovens
Knives and forks
Carvers and steels
Table, dessert, and tea spoons
Soup ladles
Corkscrews
Coffee and pepper mills
Wheat ditto
Beer cocks
Water ditto
Scissors, combs
Pocket knives
Brushes, hand
" Scrubbing
" Shoe
" Paint
" Whitewash
" Cloth
" Hair
" Plate
Hair seating (Laycock's)
Chair webbing
Currycombs
Mane ditto
Horse brushes
Chamois skins
Girths
Snaffle bits
Stirrup irons
Dog and halter chains
Ditto collars
Scales and weights
Painted beams
Steelyards
Guns, single and double barrel
Carabines " "
Powder flasks
Shot belts and pouches
Gunpowder
Shot and gun caps
Gun furniture
Blasting powder
Stoves, fenders, and fire-irons
Hemp and twine
Warren's blacking
Spirits of tar
Ditto turpentine
London glue
Window glass, 10 x 8, 14 x 10, and 14 x 12
Lamp shades and chimneys
Coffee roasters

TOOLS.

Axes of all kinds
Adzes "
Augers, eye and shank
" Scotch screw
Chisels of every description
Hammers, various
Saws, Hand
" Tennon
" Pit
" Cross-cut
" Frame
Saw Files
Saw sets, pit and hand
Planes, Jointer
" Trying
" Jack
" Smoothing
" Moulding
" Beading
" Rabbit
" Fillister
" Plough
" Sash
Spokeshaves
Compasses
Turnscrews
Pincers
Squares
Gimlets
Bevils—guages
Braces and bits
Bench screws
Stocks and dies.

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, &c.

Spades, various
Shovels "
Potato, forks
Dung "
Scythes, various
Chaff knives
Hay ditto
Sickles, BY
Pick axes and handles
Felling axes (English)
Ditto ditto (American)
Pruning Bills
Breaking-up hoes
Grubbing axes
Garden hoes of every description
Ditto rakes, sizes
Tomahawks
Sheep shears
" bells
Cattle "
Ditto chains
Timber ditto
Coil chain, sizes
Scythe and rag stones
Wheat sieves

BRITANNIA METAL AND PLATED GOODS.

Coffee urns
Tea and coffee pots
Sugar basins
Peppers, mustards, and salts
Dram bottles
Egg cups
Plated liqueur frames
" cruet "
" pillar candlesticks
" chamber ditto
" snuffers and trays

JAPANNED AND TIN GOODS.

Tea trays
Bread "
Knife "
Cash boxes
Dressing cases
Ink stands
Tobacco boxes
Snuffers and trays
Lanterns
Dish covers
Plate ditto
Tea and coffee pots
Candlesticks
Socket lamps
Hall ditto
Oil filters
Funnels
Candle boxes
Spice ditto
Cullenders
Canisters
Watering pots
Camp kettles
Pint and quart pots
Gravy strainers
Prospecting pans

EARTHENWARE OF VARIOUS PATTERNS.

Dinner plates
Pudding and cheese ditto
Flat dishes, all sizes
Baking " "
Mustards, peppers, and salts
Cups and saucers, large size
Tea pots "
Slop basins
Sugar boxes
Butter tubs
Cream jugs
Breakfast plates
Egg cups
Toilet services, complete
Toiletware, various
Jugs, of all sizes
Chambers, painted and white
Mugs and fancy toy cans
Handsome dinner services, in ironstone, China, and flowing blue
Ditto ditto, dessert services

GLASS.

Tumblers, cut and pressed
Ditto, plain
Champagne glasses
Claret and wine ditto
Jelly ditto
Custard cups
Decanters, pint and quart
Butter tubs
Water bottles
Pickle ditto
Finger glasses
Salts

Patent MANILA ROPE, from 1 to 3 inch
PATENT CEMENT
STOCKHOLM TAR
MALT KILN TILES
Superior PORT WINE, English bottled, in 3 dozen cases
Ditto SHERRY, ditto ditto, a very fine sample
DRUGS and CHEMICALS, a great variety.

R. M. ROBEY, 12004 427, George-street.

WOOLWAY STORES, MANEROO.

THE undersigned having made arrangements for twelve months supply of goods direct from London is now selling off at greatly reduced prices.

Wool, Tallow, and other colonial produce purchased for Cash, or liberal advances made on the same consigned for sale to Mr. H. W. Hamilton, Sydney; or Messrs. Sinclair, Hamilton, and Co., London. ALEXANDER HAMILTON, Woolway, Maneroo, November 10. 11592

GOULBURN AND BRAIDWOOD.—The new and splendid four horse Conveyance "GOLDEN AGE," will leave Sydney for Goulburn and Braidwood every Monday and Thursday morning, at eight o'clock precisely, from the Yard, Macquarie-street, calling at the Golden Fleece, corner of King and George streets. Fares to Goulburn, £2 5s.; to Braidwood, £3 5s. each passenger 14 lbs. luggage allowed, all over 6d. per lb to Goulburn, and 9d. per lb. to Braidwood.

EDWARDS, Sydney.
MANDELSON, Goulburn.
RUTLEDGE, Braidwood.

N.B. No night travelling. 13355

GOOD NEWS.

LARGE AND EXTENSIVE STOCK.

"GOLD!" "GOLD!!"

SAMUEL DAVIS, of the Australian Store, Goulburn, begs to acquaint his friends and the numerous arrivals for the Gold-fields at Tuena, Araluen, and Turl Turl, that his stock is the largest and most complete of any establishment out of Sydney, and that he is determined to sell at such prices as will render it impossible for any house, even in the great capital of New South Wales, to *compete* with him, everything being imported direct from the manufacturer, and bought for cash by his agent.

To attempt to enumerate the varied assortment would be impossible. His old friends are fully aware that *his* is the cheapest house in the southern district, and new comers will soon satisfy themselves that that character is well deserved.

Cradles, shovels, spades, and every description of digging apparatus can be got positively cheaper than at Sydney, or at any other store in the colony.

Wool, Tallow, Sheepskins, Gold, and other produce, bought for cash, in any quantity.

P.S. - S. D. is prepared to advance on Gold, and other produce consigned to his Agent in Sydney, who is sure to obtain the highest market price.

Observe!

SAMUEL DAVIS, Old Established Australian Store. Goulburn, November 25. 11141

THE BANDEATH BOILING-DOWN ESTABLISHMENT on Five Dock is capable of boiling-down 60 Bullocks, or 600 Sheep daily. Terms for boiling down Cattle, 6s.; and for Sheep, 6d. each, which includes the free delivery of the Tallow, Hides, and Skins, at any Wharf in Sydney. Apply to 606 CHARLES ABERCROMBIE.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

NOTICE.—The undersigned begs to apprize the sub-agents and the public that as his stock of the above valuable medicines of the first and second sizes is exhausted, and as he has a large quantity of the third size on hand, and is in receipt of no advices of an immediate supply of assorted sizes, he will, in order as much as possible to meet the wants of the public,

REDUCE THE PRICE

of the third size boxes and pots At retail, from 7s. to 5s. 6d., And at wholesale, allow a discount of Twenty per Cent. off the accustomed prices.

J. K. HEYDON, Sole Wholesale Agent for New South Wales, Victoria, and New Zealand, 78 King-street, Sydney. October 2nd 685

TO SETTLERS AND OTHERS INTERESTED IN THE SALE OF COLONIAL PRODUCE.

MR. R. FAWCETT, Auctioneer and Commission Agent, George-street, Sydney, opposite the Barrack Gate, begs respectfully to inform Settlers and others that he will sell by auction

WOOL, TALLOW, HIDES, STOCK, AND OTHER COLONIAL PRODUCE, AT A COMMISSION OF ONE PER CENT.

After the experience of several seasons, R. F. need not point out the superiority of this mode of sale over that of sale by private contract, the result having fully borne out an advance of from 10 to 15 per cent.

Commodious Stores for the reception of colonial produce until the day of sale.

Cash advances made immediately on the receipt of produce, and supplies furnished, if required. 481, George-street.

PIANOFORTES.

CAUTION.—Messrs. Stodart, having no connexion with any other house, find it necessary to caution the public against the numerous frauds practised under colour of such supposed and *often* asserted connexion. The daily practice, both in England and the colonies of advertising pianofortes to be disposed of (as if by private individuals, under peculiar circumstances of distress, &c., &c.), is one of the means resorted to by makers of inferior instruments, in which an imitation name-piece, (just sufficiently imperfect to evade the law), is inserted. All the instruments manufactured by Messrs. Stodart bear the full inscription—"Wm. Stodart and Son, No. 1, Golden Square, London."

The undersigned has received from the above eminent manufacturers, an assortment of Pianofortes, consisting of Cottage, Grand, and Semi-Grand, with all the latest improvements. H. W HAMILTON, 718 Agent for Wm. Stodart and Son.

FORD'S AUSTRALIAN BOOK ALMANACK FOR 1852,

Containing 230 pages of closely printed matter, with Nocturnal Dial or Bush Clock.

Price 3s., or by post, 3s. 6d., remitted in postage stamps. W. AND F. FORD, 554, George-street, 746 Publishers and Booksellers.

TO COMMANDERS OF COASTING AND OTHER VESSELS.

FORD'S AUSTRALIAN BOOK ALMANACK, price 3s., Containing TIDE TABLE, EQUATION OF TIME, SUN'S DECLINATION, &c., &c., will be found not only sufficient for Coasting Voyages, but also for voyages to New Zealand and other ports. W. AND F. FORD, Booksellers and Publishers. 747 554, George-street.

MEDICATED LOZENGES, &c.

THE undersigned has received by the St. George, ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-EIGHT PACKAGES of Genuine DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c., among which are the following, viz.:—MUSK, Aniseed, Nitre, RASPBERRY, Squill, Steel, Sulphur, and NELSON'S GELATINE LOZENGES, Pine-apple, Peppermint, CAYENNE, Ipecacuanha, Acid Rose, Fruit, Coltsfoot, Tolu, Soda and Lemon Lozenges, Ginger Pipe, Bath Pipe, and Peppermint Pipe, ACIDULATED CAYENNE, Ginger, Magnesia, TAMARIND Paregoric, Horehound, Orange Marmalade, LETTUCE, Morphia, QUININE, Cinnamon, Patirosa, and OTTO ROSE LOZENGES. Also, Rose and Pink Jujubes, Pontefract Cakes, and KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES, LOCOCK'S PULMONIC WAFERS, and DAWSON'S COUGH LOZENGES. C. M. PENNY, Chemist, &c. 774 558, George-street.

THE TOILET.

THE undersigned has just unpacked a quantity of ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL, for the Hair; KALYDOR, for the Complexion; ODONTO, for the Teeth; a first-rate sample of SILVER WIRE TOOTH BRUSHES; COLLODION, for sore lips, and slight cuts or abrations of the skin; elegant new patterns of GOLD-BEATER'S SKIN, and COURT PLASTER; one lb. original Turkish bottles of GENUINE OTTO of ROSES; Essence of MUSK, and grain MUSK, Rose Water, EDE'S HEDYOSMA, HANNAY'S RONDELETIA, Hooper's CACHOU AROMATISE; very superior VIOLET POWDER, Elegant mottled WASH-BALLS, Macord's Isinglass Plaster, Dinneford's Ladies' and Gent's HORSE-HAIR GLOVES, and Ladies' and Gent's HORSE-HAIR STRAPS, Tongue Scrapers, Ladies' Bathing Caps, and Lococke's Castor Oil Pomade, &c., &c. C. M. PENNY, Chemist, &c., 775 558, George-street.

BULLIN'S BLISTERING LIQUID.

THE undersigned has just received a quantity of the above direct from the Manufacturers, Messrs. BULLIN and BULLIN, SURGEONS, &c., 26, Farringdon-street, London.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE. Clean the part to be blistered, with a soft napkin or handkerchief, then brush it over with the liquor and allow it to dry. In about six hours the blister may be cut and dressed with the usual ointments.

ALSO, JUST RECEIVED, direct from the Manufacturer.—BROWN'S CANTHARIDINE TISSUE. In applying this elegant vesicating tissue, care must be taken that every part adheres, and a folded handkerchief, or linen compressed, placed over it. On children, or very delicate skins, after two or three hours, take off the tissue, and apply the dressing, a bruised cabbage leaf, or a warm poultice, and a perfect blister will then be raised.

Also, just received, LIEUT. JAMES' BLISTERING OINTMENT, for Horses, VETERINARY SURGEONS, FARRIERS, and SETTLERS, &c., can rely on the genuineness of the above, as every label of the ointment is signed by ROBERT JAMES.

N.B.—Directions accompany each pot. 770 C. M. PENNY, 558, George-street.

MARKING INKS. MARKING INKS.

JUST received, ex St. George, a quantity of BOND'S, HOOPER'S, BUTLER'S, and ARNOLD'S MARKING INKS. C. M. PENNY, Chemist, &c., &c., 771 558, George-street.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

IN consequence of the present scarcity of the smaller sizes of the above, the undersigned begs to apprise the public that he has just received a quantity, AS ALSO THE FOLLOWING—NORTON'S Chamomile Pills, COCKLE'S, HOOPER'S, ANDERSON'S, SCOTT'S, WIDOW WELSH'S, MORRISON'S, POWELL'S, HUNT'S, and BLAIR'S GOUT PILLS, &c. C. M. PENNY, Chemist, &c., &c., 772 558, George-street.

SALT WATER SOAP.

JUST RECEIVED, A SUPPLY OF THE ABOVE. C. M. PENNY, Chemist, &c., &c., 773 558, George-street.

PIANOFORTES.

THE undersigned has now on view the largest and best selection of Pianofortes in the colony, consisting of Cottages, Squares, Microchordons, by Collard and Collard, &c., &c., among which will be found very useful rosewood picolos, 6 7-8 octaves pianofortes, for 35 guineas each. W. J. JOHNSON, 314, Pitt-street.

N.B.—Pianos for hire by the month or night. 13303

ON SALE, PRIME PORT FAIRY BEEF. R. CAMPBELL, 9074 Circular Wharf.

TO BE SOLD, a first-class YACHT, burthen about four tons, built by Reynolds, coppered and copper-fastened, well found in every respect, only one year old. Lowest price, £80. Enquire of STAUNTON SPAIN, Dawes' Battery, between the hours of 9 and 10 A.M. 705

TO BE SOLD, a real good and well seasoned saddle Horse, 5 years old; price £13. Apply at STEWART'S Horse Bazaar, Pitt-street. 716

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

JANUARY 8.—Lavina, schooner, 64 tons, Captain Wyborn, from Moreton Bay the 1st instant. Passengers—Mr. Beck, Mr. and Mrs. Griffin, and three children, Mr. and Mrs. Vaysey and three children, Messrs. Heffman, King, Monks, Dorsey, T. Smith, and son.

January 8.—Waldemar, Dutch barque, 426 tons, Captain Schmidt, from Hongkong the 12th, November. Passenger—Mr. E. C. H. Nye.

DEPARTURES.

January 8.—President, ship, 554 tons, Captain Thomas, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. Thomas, Miss Thomas, Mr. James Dunn, and 139 in the steerage.

January 8.—Cape Horn, barque, 173 tons, Captain Eedy, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Fitzpatrick, Mr. M'Millan, Mr. Hobson, Mr. Rogerson, Mr. Reynolds, Mr. Freeman, Mr. Kermode, Mr. Symonds, Mr. Ebsworth, Mr. Alexander, Mr. Featherstone, and 64 in the steerage.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

THIS DAY.—Kate, for London; Duke of Richmond, for China; William Alfred, for Port Nicholson; Favourite, for Melbourne; Souvenir, for Moreton Bay.

CLEARANCES.

January 8.—Souvenir, schooner, 63 tons, Captain Brown, for Moreton Bay. Passengers—Mr. C. K. Lane, Mr. and Mrs. Hollingdale, and nineteen emigrants from the William and Mary.

January 8.—Favourite, barque, 198 tons, Captain Mortimer, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. J. W. Walters, Dr. Williamson, Mr. Flaxmore, Mr. C. Ham, Mr. and Mrs. Dunn and child, and 33 in the steerage.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the Post Office as follow:—

FOR LONDON.—By the Catherine Jamieson, Oriental, and Jane Francis, to-morrow evening, at 6 o'clock; and via Colombo, by the Waterloo, this evening, at 6; and via Point de Galle, by the Burlington, this evening at 6.

FOR THE NAVIGATOR'S ISLANDS.—By the Helen Mar, to-morrow evening, at 6.

ENGLISH SHIPPING.

TABLES showing the arrivals and departures of ships from and to England, with their number of passengers, &c.

INWARDS.

Date of Arrival.	Name.	Register Ton	Number of Passengers.	Date of Sailing	Days on Passage.
1851					
Jan.					
1	Mary Catherine..	367	7	Aug. 21	133
6	Roman Emperor	793	57	Sept. 27	101
10	Scotia.....	778	25	" 22	110
11	Alpha... ...	357	2	July 13	182
13	Jane Catherine..	350	1	Sept. 15	120
26	Prince of Wales	582	13	Oct. 20	98
26	Blonde.....	672	11	" 12	106
Feb.					
1	Sarah	417	..	" 18	106
1	Guardian	401	..	" 10	114
7	Glenbervie.....	388	8	" 21	109
8	Tartar	567	36	" 26	105
12	Glen Huntley .	505	6	" 13	122
March					
10	Thos. Arbuthnot	675	23	Nov. 28	102
15	Garland	961	286	" 30	104
26	Achilles	448	..	" 12	134
30	Oriental	500	8	" 26	124
31	Lady Sale.....	388	2	Dec. 19	102
April					
4	Regina.....	366	..	Nov. 27	128
5	Challenger.....	816	5	Dec. 20	106
6	Supply.....	170	5	" 7	119
25	Mary Bannatyne	535	16	" 22	124
May				1851.	
30	Windsor.....	676	52	Feb. 23	96
31	May Queen	361	..	Jan. 24	127
31	Bolivar	386	2	" 31	119
June					
3	Penyard Park ..	377	9	Feb. 2	121
4	Elizabeth Brown	418	..	" 1	123
6	Emperor	753	263	" 22	104
8	Bondicar.....	384	..	" 1	127
15	Gambia	567	15	" 15	120
21	Envelope.....	371	8	" 18	126
22	Cape Breton ..	264	..	Jan. 4	169
25	Anna Mary	303	2	March 6	111
July					
20	Douglas.....	472	1	" 11	131
29	Dudbrook	601	23	April 10	110
Aug.					
11	Bank of England	726	16	" 26	108
11	Malacca..	589	58	" 22	111
13	John Buchanan.	236	3	" 26	109
14	Sarah	729	271	" 19	117
24	Ganges	300	..	May 4	112
24	Dublin.....	650	14	April 4	142
Sept.					
4	Mohawk	442	1	May 15	112
4	Marquis of Bute	542	24	" 21	106
14	Phœnician.. ...	478	10	June 14	92
15	Eliza Caroline ..	831	11	May 29	109
19	Rajah Sarawak .	525	25	March 31	172
Oct.					
7	Resolute.....	639	37	June 27	102
8	Kate.....	904	305	July 6	94
15	Earl Grey	571	259	June 18	119
27	Lord Dufferin	709	6	" 25	124
30	Duke Richmond	470	..	" 28	124
Nov.					
14	General Hewitt.	961	28	July 21	116
14	Victory	548	..	" 16	121
21	Waterloo.....	898	47	Aug. 2	111
23	Osprey.....	768	13	" 5	110
30	Hamlet	400	9	July 28	125
Dec.					
8	Blackwall.....	528	31	Aug. 23	102
9	St. George.....	605	13	" 26	105
10	Vimiera	1037	70	Sept. 1	100
13	St. Vincent.	629	230	Aug. 4	131
15	Agricola.....	564	6	" 18	119
29	Tamar	556	9	Sept. 7	113
TOTAL—61 ships ..		34114	2382		7139

Average passage, 117 days.

OUTWARDS.

Date of Departure.	Name	Register Tonnage	No. of Passengers.
1851.			
Jan. 9	Phœnician	478	13
9	Kate	904	101
15	Tasmania	503	16
19	Blenheim	809	12
22	Commodore	489	1
26	Gen. Hewitt.....	961	30
26	William and Mary	537	6
Feb. 2	Waterloo	898	59
15	Juliana	366	..
15	Agricola	565	12
24	Laura	329	4
Mar. 1	Trafalgar	528	3
8	Salacia	296	..
8	Houghly	466	2
11	K. Stuart Forbes .	457	12
15	Blackwall	838	28
16	St. George	605	9
27	Tamar	556	15
27	Undaunted	301	2
Ap. 13	Prince of Wales .	583	6
15	Rebecca	226	4
16	Charlotte Jane....	729	19
29	Glen Huntly	505	..
May 1	Glenbervie	388	1
14	D. of Wellington	560	2
June 3	Thos. Arbuthnot .	672	17
12	Lady Clarke	430	13
15	Lady Margaret ...	284	..
22	Catherine	220	..
22	Achilles	449	..
July 15	Emma Eugenia ..	384	2
24	Mary Bannatyne .	535	2
Aug. 9	Bondicar	394	..
24	Deucalion	513	..
25	M. S. Elphinstone	611	26
Sep. 3	Ralph Thompson .	385	..
17	Anna Mary	303	..
28	May Queen	361	..
Oct 22	Penyard Park	377	6
Nov. 8	Black Friar	622	8
10	Bolivar	387	..
11	Pleiadian	478	8
Dec 20	Albert	394	6
	Josephine	310	..
TOTAL—44 Ships		21,096	443

COASTERS INWARDS.

January 8.—Sacramento, 41, Fleming, from Newcastle, with 60 tons coals; Rose, steamer, 172, Paine, from Morpeth, with 72 bales wool, 40 casks tallow, 7 bales skins, 100 hides, 30 bags bran, 64 bags maize, 10 bags barley, 73 bags potatoes, 26 bags onions, 14 lambs, 44 pigs, 219 cheeses, and 9 horses.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

January 8.—Rose of Eden, 50, Smith, for the M'Leay, with sundries; Hannah, 56, Ellis, for the Clarence, with sundries; Rainbow, 19, Smith, for Brisbane Water, in ballast; Sacramento, 41, Hemming, Eagle, 26, Ramsay, Liberty, 53, Johnson, Ann Mary, 51, Francis, all for Newcastle, with sundries; Rose, steamer, 172, Payne, for Morpeth, with sundries.

IMPORTS.

January 8.—Waldemar, from Hongkong: 158 cases silks, 196 chests Congou, 2605 packages Hyson skin tea, 312 packages Souchong, 1000 boxes fire crackers, 4 cases water crackers, 300 boxes ginger, 50 cases kuna quat, 50 cases chow chow, 40 cases citron, 30 cases pale sherry, 40 boxes sperm candles, 3 cases cheeses, 40 quarter casks, 9 casks brandy, 463 bags coffee, 15 hogsheads sugar, 100 cases gin: Flower, Salting and Co.

The Dutch Barque Waldemar arrived yesterday afternoon, after a passage of 56 days from Hongkong, the only vessel reported by this vessel was the Dutch Ship Hendrick, in the Straits of Banca, bound to Singapore.

EXPORTS.

January 8. Favourite, for Melbourne, with 3102 bags sugar, 9 barrels vinegar, original cargo; 80 bags flour, 10 hogsheads rum, 20 bundles spades and shovels, 11 bales blankets, 4 trunks, 2 cases, 2 bales slops, 5 carroteels currants, Griffiths, Fanning, and Co.; 11 casks, 20 kegs butter, 7 casks, 3 cases cheese, 12 packages bacon and hams, 1 case oilman's stores, Henry Ferris; 1 package spirits, 4 cases cherry brandy, A. Dreutler; 3 cases cheese, Buyers and Learmonth; 40 bags biscuits, M'Nab, Brothers, and Co.; 4 boxes, 7 bales, 1 parcel paper, 1 box stationery, M'Nab, Hamilton, and Co.; 6 casks, 5 cases fruit, J. Wearne.

PORT OF NEWCASTLE.

RETURN showing the Number and Tonnage of all vessels entered Inwards and Outwards at the Port of Newcastle, during the period commencing 1st January, 1849, and ending 1st of October, 1851, and the amount of Imports and Exports for the same period.

Period.	British. No.	British. Tons.	Foreign. No.	Foreign. Tons.	Imp. £	Exp. £
1849.						
Inwards.....	1 187	70 756	1	189	1	8,621
Outwards ...	1,141	72 623	1	139	...	...
1850.						
Inwards	1 192	85,026	21	8 814	1,735	16,264
Outwards ...	1,178	81,797	17	6,018	...	...
1851.						
Inwards.....	1 077	72,903	6	1 519	274	9,576
Outwards ...	1,096	73 592	13	4 345	...	...

C. BOLTON, Sub-Collector.

Custom House, Newcastle,
November 10, 1851.

Cargo of the Lavina, from Moreton Bay: 70 bales wool, 18 casks tallow, 50 hides, 4 casks ale, 5 bags ginger, and 4 boxes raisins.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Entered outwards, January 8: St. Vincent, ship, 629 tons, Young, for London; Prince of Wales, brig, 112 tons, Grant, for Melbourne.

The Yarra, the largest of the two steam vessels building for the Australian Steam Navigation Company, was launched on the 4th September. Captain M'Kellar was confident he would get away by the 20th October, and had advertised for passengers. He would fill up the vessel with coals, and steam as much of the passage as possible; and as it is eighty days since he expected to start, the Yarra may be hourly expected. The Waratah would sail about the same time.

A small steamer, intended to run between Melbourne and Geelong, was advertised to sail from Greenock on the 20th September.

NEWCASTLE.—Arrival, January 3: Amicus, schooner, 159 tons, Sayer, from Melbourne, in ballast.—The Amicus met with a long passage of thirteen days from Victoria. She is now discharging ballast, prior to loading with coals for Adelaide, to which port she belongs. The Nautilus is fast filling up with passengers, there being now only room for a few, both in the cabin and steerage. She will sail for Melbourne in all this week, with coals and a general cargo.—*Maitland Mercury*, January 7.

ACCIDENT TO THE SHIP ORIENTAL, CAPTAIN HYDE.—Yesterday afternoon, as the Favourite barque was working out of the Cove, bound to Melbourne, she ran foul of the Oriental, and carried away her flying jib-boom. The Favourite also lost her flying jib-boom: and shortly after got clear of the ship.

The Douglass, from Sydney, arrived at Manila October 27.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

January.		SUN rises	SUN sets	HIGH WATER morn.	HIGH WATER even.
9	FRIDAY	5 0	7 14	9 46	10 6

Moon, last quarter, 11·23, A.M., January 14.

THE Sydney Morning Herald.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 9, 1852.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

OUR GOLD NEWS IN ENGLAND.

IT works—it spreads—and even in the earliest stages of its progress gives clear indications of the triumphant career it was destined to run. We have seen how the few and comparatively insignificant disclosures contained in our columns of the 20th May had riveted the attention of the first journal in Europe, and thrilled its powerful conductors with new and varied emotions. We have now some clue to the rapidity with which these emotions would spread through the whole army of the British Press. With no better authority than that of a solitary Australian newspaper—with no brighter sample of our new-found treasure than the morsels picked up at Bathurst in the middle of May—the *Times* had struck the key-note of acclamation, which was to vibrate through the three kingdoms. And with no better authority than this stray newspaper given at second hand—or, as our facetious friend *Punch* puts it, knowing nothing more than that the *Times* says that the *Sydney Morning Herald* says that the *Bathurst Free Press* says that Mr. HARGRAVES had discovered a gold field in New South Wales—the newspapers are one and all ringing the changes of the wonderful announcement. If these things were done in the green tree, what would be done in the dry? If a mere whisper could startle the nation, what would be felt when the full facts were thundered out by official despatches, and substantiated by every gold-freighted ship arriving from our shores?

It is curious to note how differently the news was received by the several journals that have hitherto come to hand. *Punch* is in ecstacies. "We have got a California of our own!" he exclaims; and calls on all good people to testify their joy thereat by making a Great Exhibition of themselves, by rushing into each other's arms, sending up their rockets, letting off their crackers, blowing their trumpets, beating their drums, and playing all sorts of jubilant pranks. And when called upon to render a reason for his transports, he philosophises after his own fashion, arguing that by means of Australian gold England would be weeded of the sordid members of her community, of all the lawyers and doctors who practice with a view to fees, of all the divines who look to the loaves and fishes, and of all others who labour in their vocations for the sake of money; whilst the respectable practitioners, tradesmen, and work-people, who ply their respective callings solely for the public good, despising the charms of filthy lucre, will be left behind! There is reason in his madness, but we need not dwell upon it.

The *London Illustrated News*, whose graphic pages, thanks to our colonial artists, will do all that pictures can to make its readers familiar with the local habitation and the name of our remote Eldorado, hitherto to most of them a *terra incognita*, welcomes the news first in a jocular then in a serious strain. JONATHAN had of late been taking the shine out of Old England, both in great things and in small; in great ones by his vast acquisitions of territory, especially of California; and in small ones by demolishing the fame of her BRAMAH and her CHUBB, and by beating on her own waters the proudest of her boasted yachts. The *Illustrated News* exults in the discovery of our gold-field, because it puts the shine on again; and whilst admitting that there might be some exaggeration in the "hasty and imperfect accounts" which had reached England that week, and that possibly the whole story was "a fabrication," at the same time asserts it to be not improbable that these accounts might be strictly true, and that Australia might yet rival California in the production of gold. In its serious mood that popular journal attaches importance to the discovery as a means of carrying out, more rapidly than has ever been done by natural emigration, the Divine command to increase and multiply, and replenish the earth. "The shores of the Pacific," he observes, "were for the first time peopled by the old races of the world in consequence of the discovery of the treasures of California; and the islands of the Pacific, and that splendid continent of Australia itself, seem as if they were about to be indebted to the same cause for an immense accession of the strength which springs from the presence of active, enterprising man."

The other journal whose comments have reached us, the *Economist*, takes a different view altogether. The writer receives the intelligence with undisguised doubts as to its truth. He had ascertained that no official intelligence whatever had been received concerning the alleged discovery; and as the account, as copied from a provincial Australian paper, was wholly unsupported by any other evidence, he cautions those engaged in the trade of the colony against placing too much faith in what they had heard. But, supposing it to be true, he denies that the discovery was a subject for congratulation. His reasoning, however, is extremely loose and inconclusive. So far as we understand it, it amounts to this—that because California is the most indebted of all the States in the Union, and because many of the merchants who had exported goods thither from the eastern seaboard had become bankrupt, *therefore*, Australia is rather to be pitied than congratulated on her new found treasures. As regards the indebtedness of the State, there is no parallel, nor even the shadow of similarity, between the cases. At the time of her gold discovery, California was a desert; and when, from the mighty influx of population, her immigrant citizens deemed it necessary to construct at once great and costly public works, their object could be accomplished only by raising loans on the security of her future revenues. New South Wales, on the contrary, at the corresponding era in her destinies, was an established British colony, and had been so for more than threescore years. She has no occasion to go into debt. Her public works are equal to her present necessities, some of them equal to any necessities that may arise for years to come. We have a fixed and increasing revenue, and a prudent Legislature to regulate its expenditure. We are at a loss, therefore, to comprehend how the *Economist* can argue from the indebtedness of California to the injurious effects of Australian gold. And as to the bankruptcy caused to so many mercantile houses in the old parts of the Union, by their inordinate over-speculation in the shipment of goods, it is a sufficient reply, that gold-countries are not the only ones in which such speculation has entailed similar disasters, and that these disasters will not sound a less impressive warning in gold-countries than in others against a repetition of the folly.

NEW SOUTH WALES VINEYARD ASSOCIATION.

THE third half-yearly meeting of this body was held on Wednesday, at the Royal Hotel. Owing to the disagreeable nature of the weather—a heavy "brickfielder" blowing the entire afternoon, and stirring up clouds of dust in every thoroughfare—there was a comparatively small attendance of members. The wines, however, which were exhibited on this occasion were, as will be hereafter seen, of excellent quality; thus showing the practical improvement and progress of that branch of enterprise which it is the object of the Association to foster and encourage.

The chair was taken by WILLIAM MACARTHUR, Esq., M.L.C., President of the Association.

The minutes of the last meeting having been read by the Honorary Secretary, Mr. Pennington.

A conversation took place with reference to the establishment of a bottle factory. A Sub-Committee had been appointed at the last half-yearly meeting to enquire into the propriety of founding such a factory, and to report as to the best mode of doing so. It was now explained that nothing definite had been decided upon, although the question had been opened and considered in this Committee. During this conversation it was suggested that the German bottle makers would be the most suitable, the bottles they were accustomed to make being those most in demand, and as the Government had given aid to the immigration of vine-dressers, it was thought that similar aid might with great propriety be asked for the importation of bottle makers.

The PRESIDENT having reminded the meeting of his promise to produce annually a paper on some subject connected with wine growing, and of the fact that his former paper had called forth some remarks from a gentleman belonging to a sister society; stated that he would now proceed to lay before them a paper having reference to the same subject. He then read the following paper:—

At the meeting of the Association on the 8th January last year, I submitted a paper, of which, although hastily drawn up, and containing numerous imperfections, the gentlemen who were present did me the honour to express their approbation. In that paper I took occasion to notice a "disease" incident to a certain class of colonial wines, to which I could find no allusion in the various works relating to the manufacture of wine to which I had access, and which disease during several years had caused great loss and embarrassment at the Camden vineyard. With the permission of the meeting I propose presently to direct its attention to the particular passages to which I allude. Mr. King, of Irrawang, has on several occasions assailed in print the statements contained in these passages. Had his strictures been characterised by that spirit of fair enquiry so requisite in discussions of this nature, I should probably have been spared the necessity of now bringing the subject under your notice. I shall forbear to allude, except very briefly, to Mr. King's version of a conversation between him and me so far back as 1847. He would appear to retain a very vivid recollection of what occurred on that occasion. I lay claim to no such gift of memory, but my impressions differ from his very materially. I produce a little work on the Culture of the Vine, &c., prepared for publication by me in the year 1843. By referring to this work, pages 82-85, gentlemen may satisfy themselves that in 1847 I could scarcely have been so ignorant of the phenomena which usually attend the vinous fermentation as Mr. King would seem to have persuaded himself. To return, however, to the paper which I read at the last January meeting, I complain that in professing to account for and explain the particular "disease" to which I alluded, Mr. King has imperfectly stated the case; so imperfectly indeed that he has really given no explanation of it at all. I now beg to read the portion of my former paper to which I refer:—"I consider the system of close fermentation, as practised on the Rhine, to be altogether unsuitable to this country, the heat of our climate appearing to me to deprive it of any advantage it may there possess. I am satisfied that it has a tendency to increase the temperature of the fermenting must, and I attribute most of the failures I have experienced (which have been numerous) to excessive heat evolved during the fermentation. When this circumstance occurs to wine rich in the saccharine principle, it is liable to produce a peculiar disease, if I may be allowed so to term it. The vinous fermentation suddenly ceases before the sugar is fully attenuated, and this phenomenon is followed, after an interval of greater or less duration, by the conversion of a portion of this sugar, apparently, into some free acid, probably the malic. This acid is not the result of the acetous fermentation, for no wine can be more difficult to convert into vinegar than is the wine so affected. I have further reason to believe, that by exposure for a time to an excessively high temperature, its sharp taste will disappear, perhaps by the reconversion of the acid into sugar. At all events, it has happened, within my experience, that wine of this kind, after exposure to the open air for a considerable period, has become perfectly sound, which could not have happened had the acetous fermentation once set in. We have lost more wine at Camden from this disease than from any other cause, and I am told that it has been experienced elsewhere. It is only must, very rich in the saccharine principle, which has been subject to this accident." With the permission of the meeting I will now read Mr. King's commentaries upon the foregoing passages:—"In the year 1847, Mr. William Macarthur paid a short visit to Irrawang. He tasted the wine made there, and considered the red variety superior in some respects to any red wine he had hitherto produced at Camden. I proceeded with him to the cellar, where in tasting other samples we had varied conversation regarding wine making, &c. I communicated to Mr. Macarthur candidly and unreservedly the particulars of all matters we touched on; and remembering at the same time that in his published treatise on the Vine (in many respects a valuable work) he had not in my opinion attached sufficient importance to heat or temperature and the action of the atmosphere as influencing the process of wine making, I ventured to impress on him the importance of modifying that process, and our cellar operations generally, as much as possible with reference to those powerful chemical agents. The colony, however, is highly indebted to Mr. Macarthur for the exemplary perseverance he has exhibited in the culture of the vine and in the manufacture of wine, the result of which he has made public in various shapes. In the course of conversation Mr. Macarthur mentioned that he had failed in some instances in making wine from the Verdeilho grape, the fruit being in the highest perfection; that although fermentation had ceased, still the sweetness had now nearly disappeared. A portion of acid, he observed, soon afterwards formed in the wine, which rendered it useless as such, so that, to prevent a total loss, he had passed through the still in one season many hundred gallons of such wine. I immediately informed Mr. Macarthur that the same premature stoppage of the fermentation had occurred with me, and with the same grape too, under similar circumstances; that I considered it to arise from deficient leaven in the grape juice, with the presence of an over-abundance of grape sugar, and that as a remedy I immediately added to such partially fermented wine or rich sugary juice a quantity of the must or marc of a grape containing a superabundance of leaven or ferment. The consequence of this mixture was, that on their being mingled, decomposition soon commenced and continued until the saccharine liquor was ultimately attenuated to a perfect wine. Mr. Macarthur begged to be informed how a grape containing an abundance of ferment was to be distinguished. I replied a little experience would readily point that out: the Gouais, for instance, I said was one of these. He seemed much gratified at these communications, which were to all appearance perfectly new to him. That they were so I had every reason to believe, as I had never seen that mode of proceeding recommended by any author on the subject. Every one at all conversant with the chemistry of wine-making, in its modern aspect, is aware that when the must of the Gouais, or any similar grape naturally deficient in sugar and abounding in leaven, is fermented alone, a highly attenuated weak liquid wine is the result. Completely destitute of sugar and flavour, but still containing in solution a considerable portion of the leaven in an unoxidized or undecayed state, consequently ever liable to an elevated temperature, or by exposure to the air of the atmosphere above 50 degrees Fahrenheit, to convert the alcohol of the wine into acetic acid, and thereby render the whole into vinegar. It is equally known, on the other hand, that when the must of the Verdeilho, or any other over-ripe grape of high saccharine quality, and at the same time deficient of leaven, is fermented alone, the whole of the grape sugar is consequently not converted into alcohol, but a portion of it remains in solution as a foreign substance, like in effect to the colouring matter of red wine: *consequently* ever rendering the wine liable to contract acidity, particularly by exposure to the air or to a high temperature. This particular derangement in the constituents of wine, to my regret, I have experienced in many instances, both in white and red, but particularly in red wine made from the Burgundy or Black Pineau grape. This defect Mr. Macarthur characterises as a 'disease,' and he remarks, 'We have lost more wine at Camden from this disease than from any other cause, and I am told it has been experienced elsewhere. It is only must, very rich in the saccharine principle, which has been subject to this accident.' In short, from the foregoing facts, and my individual experience in the matter, I am inclined to the opinion that good wine cannot be produced from grape juice in which either leaven or sugar predominates; and this natural defect, when it does occur, is only to be remedied, when noticed in time, by rightly proportioning the quantity of each to be fermented together. This mode of proceeding, pointed out and recommended by me to Mr. Macarthur in the conversation already alluded to, with the view of preventing in future the losses he then mentioned as having experienced at Camden, he readily avail himself of, the very next vintage thereafter, by fermenting the poor juice of the Gouais and the rich must of the Verdeilho grapes together, thereby producing a good marketable wine, as has already been shown. This interesting result, however, he only mentions casually, and singularly enough takes no notice in his message that the possession of this valuable information—this tried and approved arrangement—furnished him at once with the ready means of preventing the 'disease' in his wine for the future, and the consequent losses he might yet have sustained; whereas Mr. Macarthur, as president of such an association, ought to have brought the matter prominently forward in his address from the chair, for the sake of pointing out to all those who had suffered from the disease, so simple a remedy for its prevention or cure. There are other interesting portions of Mr. Macarthur's message which merit the notice and consideration of all wine growers." Since the publication of the preceding report, Mr. Macarthur has, at the Adjourned Half-yearly Meeting of the New South Wales Vineyard association, held at Sydney, in July, 1851, made allusion to some of its statements in the following words:—'The president remarked that a paper which he had read at their first meeting had been subjected to what might be termed strictures from Mr. King of the Hunter. He thought it due to the Society to say that he was not conscious of having, in this paper, put forward any statements which were not either original, or drawn from the reading of those works which all persons who engage in the culture of the vine found it necessary to study. He had, indeed, visited Mr. King, and could bear testimony to the great kindness and urbanity with which that gentleman had received and treated him. He did not recollect with great preciseness what took place on that occasion; but he was wholly unconscious of having, in the paper alluded to, made use of any information which Mr. King then imparted to him. He considered, however, that Mr. King had done much service to the colony, not only by his exertions in promoting the culture of the vine, but by the development of other resources." However unconscious Mr. Macarthur in these remarks professes himself to have been of the particular fact communicated to him by Mr. King, in 1847, there can be no doubt that the knowledge so communicated was very judiciously brought into play immediately after in the cellar manipulations at Camden as is shown—not by the presidential paper read at the meeting, but by the memorandum which then accompanied one of the samples of Mr. Macarthur's wine, exhibited at the first meeting of the New South Wales Vineyard Association, already alluded to in the foregoing report. What, however, Mr. King felt due to himself to notice disapprovingly was, not Mr. Macarthur's immediate and successful employment of the practice freely communicated to him for his own use and benefit, but his bringing the matter forward in public, inferentially, as an original suggestion of his own. Nevertheless, Mr. Macarthur had not, in 1847, on his visit to Irrawang, the slightest conception of the cause why the 'vinous fermentation suddenly ceases before the sugar is attenuated.' And Mr. King will feel greatly edified if, out of all the works which Mr. Macarthur has found it necessary to study on the subject of vine culture, he will condescend to quote any passage where a remedy for this 'disease,' or an explanation of this 'phenomenon' is pointed out, although it is perfectly explicable by the known laws of chemical science. Perhaps it is one of those facts which Mr. Macarthur alluded to at the last meeting of the New South Wales Vineyard Association, where he states 'he had become cognizant with many facts which could not be accounted for upon any existing theory either of the practical wine-grower or the chemist.' How this announcement must amuse the more intelligent wine-growers and scientific chemists of Europe, particularly as coming from New South Wales. Had Mr. Macarthur concluded the paragraph with the words, *with which he was acquainted*, the information would have been more interesting, not then being liable to be questioned."

A few short extracts from works of the highest reputation upon the manufacture of wine will here not be considered inappropriate:—

"It often happens that the must is at the same time too thick and too sugary: in such case the fermentation is always slow and imperfect; the wine is sweet, *liquoreuse* and syrupy; and it is only after being long in bottle that it becomes bright, loses its disagreeable syrupiness, and retains only very good qualities."—*Chaptal*, vol. 2, p. 136.

"When the sugar is in excess the whole of the ferment is decomposed without depriving the liquor of its saugary taste; so that the portion of the sugar remaining intact continues dissolved in the spirituous liquor giving it the sweet taste. This is the case in those wines which we termed *vins de liqueur* (sweet wines), which are the produce of the sweetest grapes. There is no fear of such wines turning sour, not only because their ferment has been decomposed, and the fermentation has no more leaven, but because the undecomposed sugar serves in a manner to feed the liquor."—*Chaptal*, vol. 2, p. 172.

"If the sugar in the must predominates over the vegeto-animal principle or ferment, *the whole* of the latter substance will be employed in decomposing *part* only of the sugar, and the wine will necessarily retain a sweet taste, in this case there is no fear either that the wine should turn sour or become ropy, because these two consequences can only be produced when there is ferment in excess. Wines of this nature are capable of being kept without deterioration as long as may be desired. Nay, they improve with time, because the sweetness diminishes, either because the sugar combines with other principles, or because some remains of the insensible fermentation converts it into alcohol."—*Chaptal, new edition*, p. 235.

"If the constituents of wine are duly balanced; if it has been thoroughly clarified, and freed from the superabundant extractive matter, *or if it contains a larger proportion of sugar than the leaven which may still exist in it is capable of decomposing*, it will keep an indefinite length of time, without experiencing any deleterious change."—*Henderson, History of Ancient and Modern Wines.*

"The spirituous fermentation is that which the juice of the grape undergoes, whether it be in a state of must, or whether having been converted into wine by a first fermentation, it still contains sugar susceptible of being converted into alcohol. The acetous fermentation is a continuation or renewal of the spirituous fermentation, and takes place *only* when the ferment, no longer finding sugar upon which to exercise its influence, attacks the products of this substance, alcohol, and converts it into acid."—*Jullien, Manuel du Sommelier*, p. 162.

"Wines never turn sour until the spirituous fermentation has been completed, or in other words until the sugar has been entirely decomposed, but when this degeneration once manifests itself it makes rapid progress."—*Jullien*, p. 162.

"Wines never turn sour so long as the spirituous fermentation is incomplete, or in other words so long as the sugar is not entirely decomposed."—*Chaptal, new edition*, p. 249.

I have made these quotations partly that I may satisfy the public interested in the manufacture of wine, that in describing the disease under discussion. I was justified in considering it as a peculiar disease, inasmuch as it would appear to have been unknown to the standard authorities from which I have extracted these detached passages, and partly because I mean presently to restate the question at issue, in such manner as to prevent its being misunderstood, in the hope that we may obtain the assistance of Mr. King's scientific attainments and practical experience in solving the difficulty. The case I would put thus. Certain wines rich in the saccharine principle, ferment with extraordinary violence for a time only, they then suddenly change to a state of perfect quietude, remaining more or less sweet. After an interval of greater or less duration they acquire an acid flavour, being distinctly sweet and acid at the same time and remaining in this state, with little or no change for an indefinite period. With us they have never been converted into vinegar, except with great difficulty; and when exposed in casks, with loose bungs, in the open air for the purpose of being so converted, they have in repeated instances passed with their acidity, becoming perfectly sound, but, as will be anticipated from their long exposure, with greatly reduced strength. When distilled early these diseased wines yield a very large proportion of alcohol. The last which we had occasion to distil, in May last, yielded about 21 per cent. of proof spirit. The authorities I have quoted allege that wines over rich in the saccharine principle, ferment, not with violence for a time only, but in a languid and imperfect manner throughout; that for a long time after they continue clammy or syrupy, and only by long keeping lose their insipidity through the decomposition of the superabundant sugar, gradually becoming fine wines; that this excess of sugar insures the decomposition of the whole of their ferment, that there is no fear of such wines becoming acid, not only because their ferment has been so decomposed, but because their undecomposed sugar serves as it were to feed the wine. In treating of the acetous fermentation they say that wines never (spontaneously) turn acid until their sugar has been entirely decomposed, but that once commenced, the acetous fermentation makes rapid progress. It is alleged, no doubt correctly (see Ure's Dictionary of Arts, Manufactures, &c., art. Fermentation) that the acetous and the vinous fermentations may proceed concurrently in the same liquor; the sugar becoming alcohol, and the alcohol passing into vinegar at the same time: but in a liquor containing much dilute alcohol with unaltered sugar, such as the wines in question, the presence of a specific acid ferment would seem to be requisite before any conversion into vinegar can take place; it would seem also that the vinous ferment which is suspected to be distinct from the ferment of vinegar, must exhaust its energies upon the sugar so long as any remains, or in other words until one or both principles are decomposed; and it would be unreasonable, as it appears to me, to imagine that the acetic ferment can spontaneously originate in such wine after so considerable a quantity of alcohol as I have just mentioned has been generated. Besides, if the acid in these wines be vinegar, its formation under circumstances favourable to its development ought to be progressive: i.e., a small quantity having first developed itself, this portion should be the means of continuing the acetic fermentation in an accelerating ratio, until the whole of the alcohol and sugar be vinegar. This has not been the case in any of those wines which I have had occasion to notice. We have never by any exposure succeeded in giving them such a decidedly acid flavour as would at once denote the presence of vinegar, except after the addition of large quantities of fresh ferment, in the shape of young leaves and shoots of the vine, acid grape skins and stalks, &c.; and even with the aid of these substances, the acetic fermentation has established itself with more difficulty, and for a time has proceeded in a much more languid and unsatisfactory manner than might have been expected had the wine under treatment been perfectly sound and good. When thoroughly made, the vinegar proves to be the best and strongest I have met with. Again, if the acid generated in the diseased wines be vinegar, how is its occasional subsequent disappearance to be accounted for? It was never doubted that the cessation of the fermentation occurred either through the absence of ferment in sufficient quantity, or because some agent had destroyed its energy; but then comes the question, why should the fermentation cease suddenly? I have been inclined to attribute excessive heat in the fermenting as one cause of its being suspended, but it is perhaps not the only one. Mr. King has informed us how we may avoid to make wine containing much undecomposed sugar by mixing the must rich in that principle with that which is deficient in it, but containing much ferment. He has likewise

a gentleman of mercantile experience and reputation like Mr. Dawes. They did not want a mere writing clerk for this office, but some one whose name was known and established in the mercantile community, and he considered it was fortunate that this institution had secured in the outset the service of a gentleman such as Mr. Dawes. He thought that the £21 which had been paid to Mr. Dawes was for the steps he had taken in initiating the society; and he should therefore move that the salary of the Secretary for the year from August last to August next, be at the rate of £50 per annum, irrespective of fees arising out of cases of arbitration.

Mr. George Rees seconded the motion, which was carried.

The Chairman stated that the business of the meeting having been completed, he would beg to state, that although the Chamber of Commerce had not yet been largely engaged in commercial matters, yet several subjects of the highest importance to the commercial community had been brought before it, and were engaging its attention. Amongst others was the settlement of the intercolonial duties, on which a motion had been introduced by Mr. J. S. Willis, and the consideration of it would be shortly renewed. He thought this question alone was of sufficient importance to justify the establishment of an institution like this.

A vote of thanks having been given to the Chairman, the meeting separated.

YESTERDAY'S RECEIPTS OF GOLD BY THE WESTERN ESCORTS AND BY MAILS.

The gold received yesterday at the Colonial Treasury under escort was as follows:—

	Oz.	dwts.
From the Turon	1538	17
Ophir	213	15
Bathurst	296	10
	2049	2

By the mails were received; from Sofala, 329 ounces.

Total received by escort and mails, 2378 ounces 2 dwts.

The following is the list of consignees of the gold by escort:—

The Turon.	Oz.	dwts.
Donald Kell	12	10
J. Greer	16	10
Patrick Byrne	10	3
Thomas Smith	10	0
Thomas Cooney	31	0
Isaac Potts	26	0
Robert Mackellar	14	10
L. and S. Samuel	121	4
D. A. Parson	6	13
William Colman	7	0
Margaret Gray	17	0
Waldron (D. A. C. G.)	12	0
Hillier (Mrs.)	8	10
M. J. A. Lyttle	12	1
Jane M'Clutchy	6	3
J. M. Cane	26	6
Lark and Bennett	11	0
Edward Noris	7	11
P. Fletcher	10	1
G. A. Lloyd	75	3
Hugh Dixson	16	7
John Craig	13	5
Richard Stevens	29	0
Mary Ann Booth	4	7
Joseph Simmons, senior	62	9
G. Chisholm	10	17
Israel Myers	68	10
Ann Thomas	5	0
William Goodin	8	1
Anne Graham	12	1
Alexander Macarthur	10	19
John Caldwell	8	0
John Weight and Co.	35	19
J. Davis	20	0
William Long	106	8
J. H. Asher (Mrs.)	55	0
Iredale and Co.	82	14
Union Bank	65	18
L. and S. Samuel	359	10
Eyre G. Ellis	19	2
Joseph Thompson	9	9
Macarthur and Atkinson	46	16
Ditto	48	0
	1538	17
Ophir.		
L. and S. Samuel	159	15
R. Binnie	26	0
Ditto	25	0
Colonial Treasury	3	0
	213	15
Bathurst.		
L. and S. Samuel	66	10
E. Austin	230	0
	296	10

MAITLAND QUARTER SESSIONS.

(*Abridged from the Maitland Mercury.*)

This Court opened on Monday, January 5, before A. Cheeke, Esq., Chairman of Quarter Sessions, assisted during the day by the following magistrates: C. M. Doyle, Esq.; A. Lang, Esq.; P. Green, Esq.; and John Browne, Esq.

The barristers present were T. Callaghan, Esq., Crown Prosecutor, and W. A. Purefoy, Esq.

Thomas Hall was indicted for burglariously entering the dwelling-house of William Powers, at Maitland, on the night of the 13th December, 1851, and stealing therefrom a bolster, six glasses, twelve pipes, and other articles. The Jury returned a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation to mercy. The prisoner was sentenced to five years' hard labour on the roads, to be mitigated to three years if his conduct was good.

Francis Walker was indicted for stealing a piece of rope, three fishing lines, and a quantity of other articles, with one cask, the property of George Mitchell and George Tully, at Newcastle, on the 12th December, 1851. Not guilty.

Ann Phillips was indicted for stealing one £1 note, and one piece of paper, the property of Matthew Ward, at Newcastle, on the 29th December, 1851. Not guilty.

John Storrick was indicted for stealing a sheet and two blankets, the property of David Falkner, at Singleton, on the 7th October, 1851. In a second count the property was described as belonging to some persons unknown. Guilty. To be worked on the roads for three years.

Charlotte Preston was indicted for stealing from the person of Isaac Dawes a £1 note and a piece of paper, at Newcastle, on the 11th October, 1851. Not guilty.

William Trott was indicted for stealing ten pieces of leather, and a pair of boots, the property of Richard Frederick Jackson, at Maitland, on the 16th December, 1851. Guilty. To be worked on the roads for three years.

Tuesday,

Before the Chairman, P. Green, Esq., J.P., and J. Gaggin, Esq., J.P.

John Gleeson and Jeremiah Gleeson were indicted for stealing forty yards flannel, twenty yards cotton, and one umbrella, the property of Peter Egan, at Dungog, on the 8th November, 1851. Not guilty.

James Coyne and James Murphy were indicted for stealing 164 dozen of oranges, the property of William Nicholson, at Aberglasslyn, on the 8th July. The Jury retired for ten minutes, and returned with a verdict of guilty against both prisoners. Murphy was sentenced to three years on the roads, with a recommendation of mitigation to one year; Coyne was sentenced to three months' imprisonment, with hard labour, but the sentence was subsequently altered to three months' labour on the roads.

John Rafferty was indicted for assaulting Catherine Dick, at Maitland, on the 22nd September, 1851.

Guilty. To be imprisoned for six months.

An expensive bout.—A young man named Callaghan was yesterday picked up drunk in George-street, at half-past four o'clock in the morning, and taken to the lockup near the Benevolent Asylum; at six o'clock, Sergeant Burke brought the confines from that lockup to the receiving watch-house, when Callaghan, was still as much under the influence of liquor, that it was with difficulty he could be removed. When brought before the Mayor on the charge he modestly denied the impeachment, and persisted in his declaration of innocence, notwithstanding the sworn testimony of two Sergeants of Police. His Worship, by way of atoning for his hardihood, sentenced him to pay a penalty of 20s., or in default to be confined in the cells for forty-eight hours.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

Mr. J. G. Cohen.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Glassware; at 12 o'clock, gold dust and specimens.

Mr. G. Pickering.—Opposite the Lady of the Lake Public House, Glebe, the Stock in Trade of a Starch Manufacturer, consisting of Frames, Vats, Sieves, half ton Starch, lot of Wheat, Casks, Tubs, Spouts, Stove, &c.

Mr. Stewart.—At the Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, at 12 o'clock, 13 heavy draught horses.

Mr. G. A. Lloyd.—At the late Stores of Henry Moore, Esq., Deloitte's Wharf, Miller's Point, at 11 o'clock, a Chinese Sampan, Chinese Baskets, Cane and Bamboo Chairs, Fancy Tiles, Drab Hats, Bonnets, Ladies' Boots, Coloured Window Glass, Spirits Turpentine and Sundries; also, the unoccupied term of lease of the Wharf and Stores, together with Scales, Weights, Heavingdown Apparatus, &c.

Mr. C. Newton.—At his Rooms, at half-past 10 o'clock, Boots and Shoes, Damaged Cravats and Parasols; at 11 o'clock, Summer Drapery and Slops, Pongee Handkerchiefs, Fancy Doeskins, Tweeds, Broadcloths, Fancy Vests, Trousers, Coats, Leghorn, California, and Panama Hats, Straw Bonnets.

Mr. Mort.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, the entire Cargo of the Champion, from Sinapore, also Sugar, Sago, &c.

Mr. Armstrong.—At Driscoll's Livery Stables, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, the Stock in Trade, consisting of 18 Horses, 1 Phaeton, 3 Gigs, 1 Double Horse Break and Harness, 12 Saddles, 1 Side-saddle, Bridles, Harness, Break-in Tackle, Stable Furniture, and Utensils.

Mr. R. Fawcett.—At his Rooms, at 2 o'clock, Three-bushel Bags, Heavy Boiled Canvas, and damaged Coffee.

Mr. E. Salamon.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Law Books, Works in General Literature, Stationery, Account Books, Engravings, Fancy Articles, &c.

Mr. A. Moore.—At the Labour Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Draught Horses, Cart and Harness, Trace Chain, 2 Block Pulleys, Wedges, Hammer Heads, Box Sundries, Bedding, Wearing Apparel, and Sundries.

Australian Subscription Library.—The annual meeting of the proprietors of the Australian Subscription Library, was held yesterday, the Vice-President (the Speaker) in the chair. The officers for the past year were re-elected. Six proprietors and sixteen subscribers were admitted to the institution. The business transacted was all of a routine description.

The Rev. Mr. Farrelly.—Among the passengers by the Jane Francis is the Rev. P. S. Farrelly, well known and esteemed by the members of the Roman Catholic Church as one of the most active and zealous of the local priesthood. As a substantial proof of their esteem, a subscription has been entered into for presentation to the rev. gentleman, by way of a parting testimonial; and we have been requested to state that the amount thus subscribed was £204.

Water Police Office.—Yesterday, Thomas Topham and John Rogers, seamen belonging to the Waterloo, who have been remanded for the last week on a charge of desertion, were ordered to be put on board again, the ship being ready for sea. The men expressed contrition, and asked to what extent their wages were to be mulcted? Captain Green said, that although by the provisions of the Mercantile Marine Act, he was empowered to make a very large reduction from their wages, it was not his intention, if their conduct was good on the homeward passage, to mulct them beyond the actual amount which he had paid in the shape of rewards for their apprehension, and in costs at the Water Police Office. Mr. Brenan said, that he was glad to perceive that the men seemed sensible of the error of which they had been guilty. Captain Green, who gave them an excellent character as seamen, had kindly promised to act with forbearance in respect to the heavy forfeiture of wages to which they were liable, and he, Mr. Brenan, trusted that they would return cheerfully to their duty. W. Grant, George Cousens, and George Litcham, seamen belonging to the Duke of Richmond, who have been similarly remanded for the last week, were ordered to be put on board their ship again. They vehemently declared, that not one hand's turn would they ever do on board; they would rather return to gaol.—James Cain, Thomas Evans, Lot Goodwin, James Jackson, and Henry Evans, five seamen belonging to the emigrant ship William and Mary, which arrived in this port on Sunday last, were brought up on a charge of mutinously combining together to resist lawful commands. In the absence of Captain Aviary, who was engaged at the Immigration Board, the case was remanded until this morning. On Wednesday, and yesterday, the Court was occupied for some time in hearing a claim for wages preferred by James M'Kay, the carpenter of the Queen of Sheba, against Captain Cadell. Mr. G. R. Nicho's appeared for the complainant, and Mr. Robert Johnson for the defendant. The case was this:—The complainant shipped at San Francisco, at 35 dollars per month, for a voyage to Sydney, agreeing to stand by the ship until her cargo was discharged. Upon her unloading, the agreement was, in his opinion, conducted in a dilatory manner, and as the ship was advertised to sail again immediately for the Victoria Gold Fields, he considered that he ought to be discharged and paid off forthwith. This being refused, he left the ship and instituted the present proceedings. Mr. Robert Johnson said, that he scarcely remembered so monstrously impudent a claim having been brought into a court of justice. Although the articles distinctly made it incumbent on the complainant to stand by the ship until her cargo was discharged, scarcely was she anchored than he demanded to be paid off. He had, however, come to a Court which had no jurisdiction to give him what he asked, seeing that the 11th section of the General Merchant Seamen's Act, 7 and 8 Victoria, c. 112, under which he had shipped at San Francisco, expressly fixed three days after the full delivery of the cargo, as the earliest period at which a seaman could summon a master for his wages. So soon as the cargo was discharged, Captain Cadell was prepared to pay what was really due to him; but somewhat large deductions, on the ground of his total incompetency as a carpenter, and of his having left the ship without leave on her arrival here, would have to be made. Moreover, he had taken some boxes out of the ship on which Captain Cadell had a lien, and also a musket which had been taken from one of the passengers on a certain occasion during the voyage; the Captain had deemed it expedient to order all the passengers to be disarmed. Mr. Brenan dismissed the case, with £1 1s. professional costs. A similar claim preferred by another seaman was dismissed on the same grounds.

Rather too much.—In a case, M'Gowan v. Cantor, for wages, heard yesterday before Mr. Dowling and Alderman Egan, the defendant pleaded a set-off, part of which was admitted by the complainant, but the remainder was rather rich—namely, 8s. for some calico stolen (as Cantor alleged) by complainant, and 9s., the value of a lamp shade she had broken. The girl indignantly denied having stolen anything, and refused to admit the charge for the shade. Mr. Dowling said, that as to the lamp shade, unless there had been a special agreement to make good all breakages, she was not liable, except on a proceeding for a wilful destruction of property, which was not alleged. As to the calico, if the complainant had so committed herself, it was Mr. Cantor's duty to have prosecuted her; but the attempt to compound a felony in this way was a most unheard of proceeding, and he was surprised that it should have ever been hinted at in a Court of Justice. The Bench made an order for the amount of wages found to be due.

Slaughter-house Licenses.—At a meeting of Justices, held on the 31st ultimo, for the licensing of slaughter-houses, there being present, the then Mayor (Mr. Thurlow), the present Mayor (Mr. Hill), Mr. Bolt, Dr. Douglass, Mr. Chisholm, Mr. Dowling, and Mr. M'Leric, the applications of Thomas Sullivan and Michael Blakney were refused, on the ground that they were a nuisance to the neighbourhood, from the neglect of the applicants to keep them properly cleansed. On Wednesday, another application for slaughtering licenses, by the same parties, and for the same premises, was made to the Bench (then consisting of Alderman Egan, Mr. Dowling, Mr. Chambers, Mr. Grant, and Captain Moriarty), which was adjourned until yesterday, for the purpose of giving notice to those Justices who on the former occasion refused the licenses. Yesterday, accordingly, the session met, consisting of Mr. Chambers (in the chair), Alderman Egan, Mr. Forbes, Captain Moriarty, and Mr. Grant, (Mr. J. B. Darvall was present at the commencement, but did not remain to the close). The application having been read by the Clerk, Mr. Nichols addressed their Worships at considerable length in its support. His argument was mainly to the effect that a bench of magistrates had no right to do by a sidewind what the legislature of the colony had hesitated to do; in fact, what the legislature had by implication declared should not be done until after a public notice in the *Government Gazette* that the abattoirs were ready for occupation, when slaughtering in any place within the city should be entirely done away with, but until which time the occupiers of the present slaughter-houses were entitled to demand the renewal of their licenses. Their Worships had no right whatever to look at the condition of the slaughter-houses, when the matter before them was to grant or refuse a license: if the applicant was a man of good character—one not likely either to receive or slaughter stolen cattle—they had no option but to grant a license; and if the licensee failed to comply with the law in regard to the condition in which the premises ought to be kept, the law was open, and either the Inspector of Nuisances or the residents in the neighbourhood had a simple remedy against him. Mr. Martin followed. After a brief consultation the Chairman said that the law was as had been stated by the learned advocates, and that the licenses must be granted.

Police Court.—The Right Worshipful the Mayor took his seat at the opening of the Court yesterday, and proceeded with the drunkards and the free lists, which were far from heavy, and were cleared off before eleven o'clock. The summons list being heavy, was taken in the second Court-room by the Police Magistrate and Alderman Egan. This list comprised 22 complaints, of which eight were for wages, four for suffering chimneys to take fire, four for breaches of the Dog Act, two for obscene language, two for breaches of the peace, one for assault, and one for obstructing the footway by placing goods thereon. In some there were no parties, in two or three the summonses had not been served, a few were dismissed, and none were of any interest but to the parties litigant. We believe it is intended to use the York-street room, when only one Court is sitting; this being less liable to interruption from the noise of George-street, as well as better ventilated, than the room on the opposite side of the building, is generally considered a change for the better.

A Dangerous Lunatic.—Between four and five yesterday morning, Francis Healy was given into the custody of Police Serjeant M'Gee for wilfully destroying sundry panes of glass in the window of a Mrs. Williams, residing in Market-street. From his language on the way to, and his conduct while in the watch-house, Sergeant M'Gee was of opinion the prisoner was of unsound mind. The wife of the prisoner was put into the witness box, who deposed that her husband was at times deranged in his intellect, and that on such occasions he was very violent; he was not now in a fit state to be allowed at large. The conduct and language of the unfortunate man while the case proceeded fully corroborated the evidence, and his Worship ordered him to be confined in gaol for fourteen days, in default of finding sureties for his good behaviour, which of course were not forthcoming.

Important Sale of Merchandise.—We are requested by Mr. George A. Lloyd to remind merchants and tradesmen of the extensive clearance sale, to be held this day, at the late stores of Henry Moore, Esq., at Deloitte's Wharf. Being to clear the premises the sale will be unreserved.—*Communicated.*

We are requested by Mr. W. G. Moore, to remind persons going to the diggings, that four superior collar horses will be sold, this morning, at 11 o'clock, at the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street.—*Communicated.*

Cargo of the Champion from Singapore.—Mr. Mort requests us to direct the particular attention of buyers to his extensive sale of the cargo of the Champion from Singapore, at his Rooms, George street, this day, at eleven o'clock precisely. For particulars see advertisements.—*Communicated.*

THE GOLD FIELDS.

OPHIR.

January 5.—We have once more entered upon a new year, with a brighter prospect (may it prove so) for New South Wales, than on any previous anniversary of January since the foundation of the colony. But we must not count the chickens before they are hatched, neither must we prematurely estimate the profitableness of gold mining in Australia, for it costs gold to get it every where and any where. A man paid at a certain rate per diem for his labour, knows that at the end of every day, nay, every hour, he has earned something; not so the gold digger, he may toil hard all day under a burning sun, or in pelting showers, without any gain, or enough gold to buy a loaf or a damper: his income is the result of chance, a perfect lottery; the common labourer's a common certainty; the latter may calculate with a surety, the former guess and hope and labour hard, for *nil*. Such is the difference between the common digger and the common labourer. But yet, this gold mining mania must prove advantageous, eventually, to the colony generally, although to individuals it must in very many cases prove distressingly disastrous. For individuals, therefore, we may expect much misery; for the colony, a rapid stride to greatness.

The quantity of the precious metal taken out of our claims during the past week has been more than ordinarily large; but I am not in a position to give full particulars. A gentleman digger, on Saturday last, who only gave a few pounds for the right of a passable claim, was a few hours afterwards offered £100 premium for the hole, which was refused, as might be expected, two buckets full of the earthy deposit taken therefrom having yielded above two ounces of nuggets. This claim is contiguous to those of the party known as Eaton's, at Golden Point, the second bar below New Town, where Gideon Lang's Company were located. This party (Eaton's) has been very successful for the past month — each clearing about £100; this amount I know was handed to the Commissioner for safety the other day, by one of this lucky party, who a few weeks ago had not a pound in his possession. But what becomes of all the gold collected at the Ophir diggings? you may naturally enquire, when so small an amount appears on the public record of gatherings or consignments. This enigma may be solved, or explained, in two ways; first, the present low figure offered by the gold buyers determines the miners to sell only such quantities as will enable them to procure the necessaries of life; and, secondly, a large quantity goes by private hand to Bathurst, to save, it is imagined, the escort charge.

Several of the late arrivals from California have come to our gold fields, some of them declaring that the indications are as strong for gold getting as at the most favourite spots in California; but these say it requires large companies to work the bed claims with any chance of profit, after the fashion of the American miners, who think nothing of turning the course of the river, much less a creek.

The waterhole taken by Messrs. Samuel and Mackintosh is now in course of being drained, and very little water is now running into it. The party employed by these gentlemen are actively engaged, in deepening and widening the drain on the eastern side of the hole, through which it is expected all surplus water, during the summer and autumn months, will readily find its way, and thereby enable the bold speculators to search without much inconvenience, after the reservoir has been pumped out, for the supposed treasure.

One of the Wellington magistrates with his party have again set to work in our main creek.

You will no doubt have heard through your Turon correspondent, of the lamentable and fatal accident to Mr. Davidson, clerk to one of the Assistant-Commissioners. It appears that a pistol fell from the belt of a trooper, and went off, lodging the contents in the fleshy part of the thigh, and the ball separating in its passage the main artery, which, from the great loss of blood, caused death in the short space of two hours.

The unfortunate Sergeant Graves, who it will be remembered broke his leg some time since while on escort duty, is now lying in a dangerous state at Bathurst, without, as I understand, the means of support. Surely the Government should do something for this poor man.

The Messrs. Howards, the Serenaders, have again come to Ophir, to amuse, if not to edify or instruct the inhabitants with the Nigger Melodies. They performed last evening to a full house, part of the building erected as a house of accommodation for man and beast, by Mr. Coomber.

TURON.

Upper Wallaby Rocks, January 5.—A considerable addition to the population of the river has taken place during the last few days, many persons who have been home spending Christmas having made their re-appearance. A hurdle race came off at Sofala on Friday, between the well known horse Emerald and a grey horse belonging to Mr. Thursby, which was won by the latter, much to the astonishment of most of the lookers on. The sandy blight is very prevalent at present, to the great annoyance of the unfortunate sufferers. A company, called the Wallaby Rock Mining Company, has sprung into existence in this locality, and commenced bed digging to-morrow. It consists of ten members at ten pounds each, and if the Company meet with any success, it is likely that their capital and operations will shortly be very considerably extended. Two of the members will superintend the works week and week about, so as not to interfere with their private diggings. On Saturday, a woman living just below us had her jaw broken by a blow from her husband, she being the worse for liquor at the time. She was attended the same evening by Dr. Sael, who reduced the fracture, and she is now in a fair way of recovery. New diggings are reported to have been discovered near Dirt-hole Creek.—Saturday night, a very heavy thunder storm visited us, but the rain that fell in our locality was but inconsiderable. The bush round us has been for some days past on fire, but from the nature of the country I do not anticipate any danger from it.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—Seeing by your police reports of yesterday of one Thomas Callagan committed to take his trial for stealing a pair of shoes, the property of one Robinson, from the premises of Mr. Bray, Lower George-street, I beg to say, Gentlemen, the above statement is false if it should allude to my house,—as I do not know of any other Mr. Bray in Lower George-street. There has been no Robinson lodging in my house, neither do I know Thomas Callagan; and I never heard of any shoes being stolen until I saw it in your police report.

N. BRAY,

Liverpool Arms, Lower George-street.

[We have no means at hand of ascertaining who *the* Mr. Bray spoken of in the police report is, nor did we think it material to inquire. It is evident, however, from the foregoing, that Robinson did not lodge at Mr. Nicholas Bray's, and consequently that the shoes were not stolen from the Liverpool Arms.—Reporter.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

Gentlemen,—I perceive in your yesterday's journal a paragraph signed An Enquirer, wherein a question is asked relative to the justification of hackney carriage drivers refusing fares on the allegation that they have prior engagements; I myself have felt the inconvenience of these refusals, particularly when I have been perambulating with ladies, and desirous of engaging a carriage for one or two hours, but could not succeed on the above excuse, for I do not believe that one-half of these men have engagements at all, but refuse from the following motive: by being engaged by the hour they can only demand the 2s. 6d., whereas if they remain on the stand they have a chance of getting several fares in the course of the hour, by which means they are several shillings in pocket. I should certainly like to see some remedy for the above inconvenience.

M. L.

PARIS FASHIONS FOR OCTOBER.

(*From the Illustrated London News, Sept.* 27.)

September and the sporting season have brought back country life; if a few persons yet remained in town, they hastened to take their departure, carrying with them the last novelties of this unsettled season. Men's sporting dresses have nothing remarkable for hunting or shooting; taste is their chief guide. The ladies who meet the sportsmen at luncheon, generally ride to the *rendezvous*; and, as the season is generally chilly, habits of light cloth are indispensable. They should be in very simple taste; the skirt does not vary, being plain and long. The body should be without ornament, and close round the neck; they are made without collars, the edge being concealed by the turn-down collar of a plain *fichu*. A single row of buttons fastens the habit in front, which can be left open at pleasure, by turning in the capels; in this case, a jaconet chemisette may be worn, but it should be plain, simple, and without embroidery or lace. The sleeves fit closely to the arm, closed tight to the wrist, and are hid by plain wristbands, and well starched. Loose sleeves are also made with jaconet under sleeves, buttoning at the wrist, a facing finishes the sleeves; but the plain sleeve is preferable, the hand being much freer, and unencumbered for using the bridle. A black ribbon tied round the neck is indispensable.

A gentleman's hat without the feathers is alone worn, with green veil. The skirt of the body is short, and almost fitting close to the petticoat without slits as in the skirts of dresses. The darkest shades are most worn; fancy coloured stuffs are out of season.

For ladies who follow the hunt in carriages, and who merely appear at the meet, all the dresses for the country which we have spoken of in our late numbers, are fashionable—Valencias, nankeen quilting, &c. Short cloth cloaks are very serviceable for this weather, which is constantly liable to change, the sun being hot in the day time, but the nights are cold. The shape of these dresses is the same as those of last spring, round, and falling straight, mousquetaire form, more or less plain, but generally trimmed with embroidering, braid, and lace without fringe.

We have already spoken of the appearance of scarfs at the end of the summer season; others are preparing for autumn, which will partake of the summer mantelet scarf and the winter cloak. The shape behind is like a scarf, and ends with a point in front, they may be trimmed with a slight fringe, lace, embroidery, braid, and jet; if a handsome scarf, is desired, it can be trimmed with two rows of deep lace.

We should also mention a fashion which is about to be introduced, but which is only fit for the country; and even there it is anything but graceful, notwithstanding all the art that may be applied to its disposition. This is a hooded mantelet. It is so difficult to adopt the hood to the mantelet without encumbering the shoulders awkwardly, that we do not think the fashion will be long-lived, except for the country, where it certainly has the advantage of protecting effectually the neck and shoulders against the first chill of autumn. In town dress we are without novelty at present.

MARRIED,

By special license, at Tarcuttah Creek, by the Lord Bishop of Sydney, on Wednesday the 31st December last, Mr. George Forsyth, of that place, formerly of South Shields, Durham, England, to Miss Margaret Annie Gordon, sister of John Gordon, Esq., J. P., Barambilah, Wagga Wagga.

DIED,

At his residence, 311, Pitt-street, Mr. Victor Protois, aged 39 years.

THE friends of the late Mr. Robert Whitiker are respectfully requested to attend his funeral, which will move from his late residence, Harrington-street, this afternoon, at half-past three o'clock.

R. STEWART, Undertaker.

721

REMOVAL.—The Offices of Mr. Burton Bradley, dentist, are removed to Lyons' Buildings, George-street. 262

T. COOK AND COMPANY request that all persons indebted to them will have the kindness to settle their accounts immediately; and intimate that no further credit will be given at the establishment, expecting that the Sydney markets will be very fluctuating during the ensuing year. They wish to have their capital in their own hands, that they may be enabled to purchase largely for cash when goods are low, and thus be enabled under all circumstances to offer their friends cheap articles. 783

NEW, SELECT, AND CHEAP DRAPERY.

Southern House, 244, George-street South.

T. COOK AND COMPANY intimate to their friends throughout the Colony, their grateful acknowledgements for the liberal patronage conferred upon them during the past year, and announce that they have greatly altered and extended their premises in order to afford better accommodation to their customers.

T. C. and Co. also intimate that they have opened about £2000 worth of new goods, which have, (in consequence of the great over supply of goods in the market,) mostly been purchased at a discount from manufacturers' prices, thus enabling them to RETAIL British Manufactures 16,000 miles from the seat of manufacture at about the same price as there sold WHOLESALE, and twenty per cent. cheaper than English retail prices.

This will be particularly observed by inspecting a case of muslins containing 52 pieces, each piece about 50 yards, of both large and small patterns, all fast colours, and equal in quality to any thing made, and the patterns are the most elegant designs of London and Paris. In one word, they cannot be surpassed, and will be sold, either by the yard, at 8½d., or 5s. 6d. the dress.

Also,

1 case, 59 pieces, very superior fast colour prints, elegant muslin patterns, 3s. 6d. the dress, 9½d. yard
1 case, 50 pieces ditto 4s.
1 ditto, Hoyle's very best, 4s. 6d.
1 ditto, fast colour plate prints, each 4d., 4½d. 5d. 6d. yard,
2 bales Horrocks' longcloths, as under—
100 pieces of letter A
20 ditto ditto B
20 ditto ditto H
20 ditto ditto M2
20 ditto ditto BBB2
101 Bales Calico and Shirting, as under—
820 pieces white calico, 2d. per yard, 4s. 6d. piece
480 " superior 36 shirting, 3½d.
200 " " " 4d.
70 " " " 5d. to 6d.
50 " stout 36 inch grey shirting, 3½d.
50 " " 2 yards wide ditto, 6d. to 1s.
SILK PARASOLS.
20½ dozen, from 2s. to 7s. 6d.
Glacé silk ditto, 3s. 6d.
1 Case RIBBONS.
30 pieces bonnet ribbon at 3½d. per yard
50 " " " 5d.
40 " " " 6½d.
30 " " " 7d.
50 " " " 8½d.
45 " rich French satin ditto, white and coloured, 9d.
Several boxes of gauze ribbons from 1½d., and very elegant gauze satin and sarsnet ribbons, suitable for trimming
1 Case containing—
50 dozen white satteen stays, from 2s. 6d. a pair; French coëlle, 7s. 6d. to 8s. 6d.
One case ladies' and gentlemen's kid gloves—
40 dozen ladies' white, at 1s.
40 ditto ditto black, very superior, 1s. 6d. to 2s.
50 ditto ditto drab, ditto, 1s. 3d.
50 ditto ditto fancy, ditto, 1s. 3d.
60 ditto ditto dark, ditto, 1s. to 1s. 6d.
40 ditto men's white, black, and coloured, the very best, 2s. 6d.
1 Case, containing—
400 white and black lace falls, 1s. to 10s. 6d.
60 dozen silk hair nets, 1s. to 1s. 6d.
Cotton and thread laces and edgings, whisker blonds, sprigged and fancy nets, Brussels net, illusion, habit shirts, sleeves, blue gossamer, blue and green gauze veils, tarlatan in all colours, muslin insertion and scolloping, stout skirt cord; white, black, and straw satin wire, lace neck ties, Guipure lace—"This new kind of trimming, not so tight as lace, and more elegant than fringe, is expected to be fashionable this summer." — *Vide Fashion Book, &c., &c.*
1 Bale rough and dressed hollands—
70 pieces, from 6d. to 1s. a yard
1 Bale—
40 pieces Scotch twill, 6d. a yard

The above are all new goods, opened this week; and being added to their previous stock, the whole will be found worthy of particular attention.

784 ☞ 244, George-street South.

TO THE LADIES OF SYDNEY.

MADAME LONCHAMP begs leave to acquaint the ladies of Sydney generally, and especially those who have hitherto honoured her with their patronage, that she has since the 1st of this month undertaken, besides millinery and visitemaking, dressmaking in all its branches. Madame Lonchamp makes use of none but the best Paris cuts and patterns of every description, with which she is amply provided. All orders are executed under her immediate superintendence. The prices will be found moderate, and the work carefully attended to. Millinery of every description made up by French hands and with French materials, at very low prices. A quantity of beautiful French goods are on sale, at very reduced prices, to the inspection of which Madame Lonchamp particularly invites all admirers of foreign articles. She has just received various foreign goods, which she can recommend, as being excellent in quality and not expensive.

278, Pitt-street, nearly opposite the Theatre. 758

MRS. A. SPEIRS, Milliner, 492, George-street, three doors from Hunter-street, begs to invite the attention of her kind friends and the public in general to the choicest assortment of millinery ever imported to the colony per last arrival, being selected by her friends, who have been long accustomed to the trade, and which enables her to recommend with confidence every article as being of the best material and latest fashions, consisting of silk, satin, lace, transparent, fine rice and chip, fancy, horsehair, and a variety of other fancy bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed. A large assortment of straw and Tuscans, all qualities and sizes; a choice assortment of satin, sarsnet, and gauze ribbons. Also a quantity French flowers. Superior babies' hoods, cloaks, robes, dresses, &c.

Parasols of the latest fashions: a quantity of fancy trimmings suitable for the trade.

A large stock of ladies' and children's stays and bands of all sizes.

Two Milliners wanted. 587

BONNETS, MUSLIN POLKAS, JACKETS, &c., &c.

THOSE Ladies who may be in want of the above, will find at SMYTH'S the largest and most elegant assortment of the above Goods;—White Chip Bonnets, 3s. 6d.; New Muslin Visites, 7s. 6d.; Polkas, 8s. 6d., worth 21s.; Muslin Scarfs, 3 yards long, handsomely embroidered; Papier Mâché of every kind, and a great many other goods all new.

SMYTH'S,
Wholesale and Retail Warehouse,
Corner of Pitt and Market streets.

N.B.—Wanted, a good Mantle Maker. 655

CLOSE OF THE SEASON.

300 MUSLIN DRESSES, 12 yards each dress
50 Organdi ditto, ditto

The above are offered to the public as decidedly cheap, and will be on sale this day

Also,

Embossed cloth table covers, considerably under the usual price

The above goods, and other articles in the Drapery, will not cause disappointment with respect to quality and price, to persons favouring the shop with a visit.

DAVID BELL,
Pitt and Market streets.

P.S.—Extra stout shirtings and calicos, very cheap. 762

SMALL PROFIT AND QUICK RETURN.

To Storekeepers, Captains, Families, and Others.

ISAAC SIMMONS, (New Mart, George-street, nearly opposite the Post Office) respectfully calls the attention of dealers and others to the following list of goods, which he will sell for cash at the prices affixed:—

	£	s.	d.
Good hysonskin tea, in 64 lb. chests, at	2	0	0
Superior ditto, in 64 lb. ditto, at	3	0	0
Very superior ditto, in 64 lb. ditto, at	3	10	0
Half-chest hysonskin ditto, at	1	10	0
Half ditto, very superior	1	15	0
Best congou, ex Pedler, 84 lb. chests	4	15	0
Sugar:—			
Good brown sugar, by the bag or ton	14	0	0
Fine white Siam, 2½d. by the bag, per ton	21	0	0
Flour:—			
Best fine flour, in bags, 100 lbs. each	0	12	0
Best coffee, in bags, 30 lbs., per lb.	0	0	5
Candles:—			
Best Belmont sperm candles, per lb.	0	1	1
Pickles, Mustards, Oils, &c.:—			
Best pint pickles, in cases, each 4 dozen, per dozen	0	7	3
Ditto quarts, in cases, each 2 dozen, per dozen	0	10	6
½ lb. mustards, in cases, each 4 dozen, per dozen	0	7	6
1 lb. ditto, in cases, each 3 dozen, per dozen	0	11	0
Quart salad oils, 1 dozen in case, per dozen	0	16	0
Pint ditto, 3 dozen in case, per dozen	0	10	6
½ pint ditto, 4 dozen in case, per dozen	0	7	6
Anchovies, in ¼ lb. bottles, per dozen	0	8	0
Bottled fruits, assorted, in 3 dozen cases, per dozen	0	12	6
Superior white wine vinegar, in 2 dozen cases	0	9	6
Cask Gin:—			
Case gin, superior quality, 12 bottles in case	0	18	0
Ditto, very fine, 4 gallon cases	1	12	0
Ditto, equal to old tom, 5 gallon cases	2	0	0
Boiled oil, turpentine, and raw oil, 5 gallon tins, per gallon	0	5	0
Best Barcelona nuts, in barrels, per lb.	0	0	4

With a great variety of other goods, at equally low prices.

The whole of the above goods warranted to be of the best quality.

Shipping and country orders attended to.

The best price given for GOLD. 187

RECEIVED per Catherine, R. Wilson, from Hongkong and Shanghae—
980 chests congou tea
590 half-chests ditto
200 chests hysonskin tea
500 half-chests ditto
80 catty boxes finest gunpowder tea
1200 bags China sugar

BOGUE AND CO.

Pitt-street, January 7. 501

ON SALE, at the Stores of Joseph Simmons, Sen., ☞ Market-street, opposite the Waterloo Warehouse,

Hysonskin tea, best, per chest	£3	6	0
Ditto ditto, ditto, half-chest	1	14	0
Ration ditto, per chest	2	0	0
Ditto ditto, half-chest	1	1	6

White sugar, equal to loaf, 3d. per lb. by the bag.

Pint pickles, in cases 7s 6d per doz. } in excellent
Quart ditto ditto 11s. 6d. ditto, } packages.

THE undersigned wishes to establish the identity of a gentleman now in Sydney as being one and the same person who some time since lived in Paradise Row, (leading out of Gravel Lane), near Blackfriars Road, London, and Mr. Dillon will remunerate any one knowing the facts, who will take the trouble of making the necessary declaration.

JOHN DILLON,
172, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.
Sydney, January 8, 1852. 724

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to Daniel Egan and Co., are requested not to pay any monies on account of the above firm, without a receipt from the undersigned.
6th January, 1852.
540 DANIEL EGAN.

NOTICE.—A certain sum of Money has been found on the road leading from the Turon Township to the bank of the river, and near to the Turon, on the 25th December last. Any person claiming the same is requested to apply to my Solicitor, Mr. Ryan Brenan, at his office, 408, George-street, Sydney. The person claiming this money will be required to furnish all such particulars as may be sufficient to prove the ownership, when the same will be returned to the owner after paying all expenses, when known.
512 THE FINDER.

FURNISHED LODGINGS.—Wanted, a furnished bed room on the entrance floor, with use of kitchen, fire, and water, in a house where no other lodgers are kept. The advertisers have no family. Address L., *Herald* Office. 738

MEDICINE WANTED.—A considerable quantity of medicines being required for the Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary for the present quarter, persons desirous of supplying the same are requested to forward tenders to the undersigned, or to the Rev. Dr. Ross, Chairman of the Weekly Committee, on or before Monday next, the 12th instant, by 12 o'clock. A list of medicines may be seen on application to the House Surgeon.
JOHN M'GARVIE.
January 6. 553

WANTED, a Lady, in a respectable Establishment, who can teach French, music, and drawing. Apply to Mrs. LEWIS MOORE, 67, Castlereagh-street. 749

WANTED, a Nursery Governess, one who is willing to undertake the management of a small family of children, to proceed to Goulburn. Apply to D. D., Skinner's Hotel, George-street, before 10 o'clock in the morning. 753

A CONDUCTOR is required for ST. MARY'S CHORAL SOCIETY. Applications from professional gentlemen may be made to the undersigned, at 189, Elizabeth-street,
JAMES HART, Secretary.
January 8. 790

TO COMPOSITORS.—Several good workmen, of steady habits, and disposed to work regularly upon a morning paper, will meet with constant employment, at the advanced rate of wages, viz, brevier 10½d., and nonpareil 1s., by applying at the *Herald* Office.

WANTED, for the Bank of New South Wales, two efficient Clerks. JOHN BLACK, Cashier. 590

PUNCH, OR THE SYDNEY CHARIVARI.
WANTED for the forthcoming Publication, a Caricature Draughtsman, happy at likenesses. Address by letter to C. A. S., care of Mr. MOFFITT, Bookseller, Pitt Street. 708

WANTED, a Coach Bodymaker; to a good workman constant employment and first-rate wages will be given. Apply at RAWLING'S, Coach Builder, Castlereagh-street. 762

WANTED, a Milliner, who thoroughly understands her business. Apply by letter to Miss FAUX, Windsor. 706

TO DRAPERS' ASSISTANTS.—Wanted, Two Junior Hands; also, a respectable youth as an apprentice. SARPY, BIRRILL, AND Co., King-street. 759

WANTED, a Waiter. Apply at the Australian Club. 1336

WANTED, a respectable middle-aged person, as Housekeeper to a widower without family; reference required. Apply to Mr. BUCK, the Lamb Inn, Margaret-place. 719

COOK WANTED — A respectable Woman Cook, of steady habits and good character. Apply between the hours of 10 o'clock A.M. and 2 o'clock P.M. to Mrs. HOSKING, 352, Pitt-street North. 740

WANTED, two Female Servants, one as plain cook, and the other as house servant. Liberal wages given. Apply at the Saracen's Head Inn, King-street. 678

WANTED, two Female Servants.—Apply at the "Swan with two Necks," George and Park Streets. 712

WANTED, for the country, a Man and his wife; the man as cook, the woman to act as housemaid and laundress. Apply to Mrs. M'EVOY, Darlinghurst. 779

WANTED, a man Servant.—He will be required to make himself generally useful, and to produce good testimonials. Liberal Wages will be given. Apply to AUGUSTUS DREUTLER, 599, George Street. 710

WANTED, a smart active youth for a Warehouse. Apply to ROSSITER AND LAZARUS. 754

WANTED, an active Lad, one that has been in the Grocery trade. Reference required. Apply to Mrs. ABRAHAM, King-street, three doors past York-street. 755

WANTED, Able and Ordinary Seamen, for the service of the Southern Whale Fishery Company. For particulars apply at the office of the undersigned, Miller's Point.
13312 R. TOWNS.

TO SEAMEN.—Wanted immediately, Four able-bodied Seamen. Apply THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock, at the Office of the undersigned, Queen-street.
JOHN MACNAMARA.
Friday, January 9. 741

A GENTLEMAN, well acquainted with book-keeping by double entry, and conversant with accounts in general, wishes to obtain a situation as Book-keeper and Accountant in a Merchant's Office. He has been some time employed in this capacity. A letter addressed to L. V., left at the *Herald* Office, will be attended to. 776

WANTED by a young man, a situation as Salesman in a Wholesale Warehouse; has had some years' experience in the colony in the Drapery Trade. Highest references can be given. Apply by letter, pre-paid, addressed R. M., 453, George-street. 442

£10 REWARD. — Stolen or strayed from the Turon, a chestnut Cob, with small star in forehead, short square tail, branded IK upside down on near shoulder, with many saddle marks; supposed to be about Braidwood diggings. The above reward will be paid on conviction of the party; and a reward of Two Pounds (£2) if strayed. Apply to Mrs. P. TUNKS, Parramatta; or Mr. CHARLES TUNKS, Golden Point, Turon. 717

£5 REWARD.—Stolen or strayed, from a paddock adjoining the Cowpasture Bridge, a draught Horse, colour, bay; with black points, in good condition, branded on near shoulder JC, lump on off side about the size of an egg. Two pounds reward, if strayed, will be paid on the delivery of the horse; or, if stolen, Five pounds on conviction of the thief, by Mr. H. Thompson, Camden Steam Mills, or Mr. Lorimer, tanner, Camden Village. 612

WANTED, by a respectable young man, employment in a store, or as porter, or to take charge of a horse and cart or gig, or keep small accounts, satisfactory reference can be given. Apply by letter to N. O., *Herald* Office. 726

ONE POUND REWARD.—Stolen or Strayed, from the Glebe Paddock, a dark bay Mare, short switch tail, branded MH on the shoulder and a R marked on the nose with a cut, collar marks on the neck and saddle marks, newly shod. One pound will be paid for the recovery of the Mare, by JOHN FRANCIS, Square and Compass; or Mr. SANDS, South Creek. 785

STRAYED OR STOLEN, from Marden's Paddock, near Windsor, the Horses described below; should any person meet with them, by informing Mr. JOHN WOOD, Windsor, or J. B. JONES, Sydney, they will be paid handsomely for their trouble:—
Bay Gelding, branded H large on shoulder, black legs, came from the Bathurst country, 6 years old.
Black Gelding, with brown muzzle, 4 years old, switch tail, branded H near shoulder, and H off neck.
Chestnut Mare, branded LL near shoulder, and 129 under saddle near side, 16 hands nigh 4 years old, with short switch tail; came from the Darling Downs 10

STOLEN, an Order, drawn by Charles Fitzsimmons, Liverpool Plains, in favour of James Carlow, for £7 1s. 3d., dated November, and payable by R. Campbell, Circular Wharf. The payment is stopped. Any one bringing it to J. DICKSON, Mudgee, will be rewarded. 494

STOLEN OR STRAYED, from Gwynn's Point, Turon River, a brown black two-year-old Gelding, branded G in circle over BY large on shoulder, and has a long switch tail.

A black coarse bred Cob, four-year-old mare, branded recently JO on near shoulder and near leg, and has a long tail.

A tall aged bay Gelding, in rather low condition, and severely galled on the wither, and very recently branded L on near shoulder, and I/L on near hind leg, also marked with a white spot on near shoulder, and slightly marked with the collar, and has a long tail.

Any person will be handsomely rewarded who will give such information to the undersigned as will lead to their recovery; and if the horses are stolen, the undersigned will give a reward of eight pounds to any one who will give information which will lead to the conviction of the offenders.
W. LANDSBOROUGH.
Gwynn's Point, January 6. 707

LOST.—The Handle of a Copying Press, between Moore's Wharf and my workshops; the finder will be rewarded for his trouble by returning it to A. LENEHAN, 287, Castlereagh-street. 766

TO BILLIARD MARKERS.—Any person wishing to rent a Billiard Room, may hear of one with a good connexion, by applying at the Cricketer's Hotel, corner of Pitt and Market streets. 537

A COTTAGE TO LET, situate on the Glebe Road, containing four good rooms on the ground floor, two attics, kitchen, wash house, a thorough good well of water and garden in front. Rent, moderate. For particulars, apply to Messrs. GEORGE ALLEN and SON, Solicitors, Elizabeth-street; or to Mr A. L. LAMBERT, adjoining the premises. 12599

TO LET, "Euroka" Cottage, at St. Leonard's, North Shore, within ten minutes' walk of the Steam Ferry, Blues' Point, containing entrance hall, six rooms, pantry, and cellar, a detached kitchen, laundry, and store-room; also, a stable, coach and cow houses, a large yard, with constant supply of the purest water; a front verandah, feet long, extensive pleasure grounds, a kitchen garden and orchard, a small vineyard and paddock.

Early possession can be given. Terms moderate. Apply to DEANE, at the wooden hut, back of the cottage; or, at the Treasury, Old Barracks, George-street.
January 8. 715

NEWTOWN.—TO LET, "Thurnby Lodge," situate within a mile and a half of the Boundary Stone, comprising eight rooms, with spacious hall, large kitchen, three stall stable, coach-house, servants' rooms, splendid garden and orchard, ornamental grounds, &c. Apply to Mrs. WILLFORD, 101, Elizabeth-street. 530

SALES BY AUCTION.

WARBY'S FARM HORSES.

MR. STEWART will sell by auction, at the Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock,
13 heavy draught horses bred by Mr. Benjamin Warby of Moorfield, Campbelltown. They are all broken in to saddle and harness, both shaft and lead, are in excellent condition, and fit for immediate use. 519

MR. DRISCOLL'S LIVERY AND LETTING OUT ESTABLISHMENT.

IN consequence of Mr. Driscoll having determined on proceeding to the diggings, he has instructed Mr. ARMSTRONG, Veterinary Surgeon, to sell by auction, THIS DAY, Friday, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock, at his establishment, Pitt-street, his Stock-in-Trade, consisting of—
Eighteen useful horses, good in saddle and harness
One phaeton, suitable for one or two horses
Three gigs, with harness complete
One double horse break and harness
Twelve saddles, one side-saddle bridles, a variety of harness, breaking-in tackle, stable furniture, and utensils
The horses are all in good working condition, and the turns-out too well known to require praise. 781

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES.

MR. H. A. GRAVES will sell by auction, on TUESDAY, the 13th January, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, situate at No. 616, Lower George-street,
The following unredeemed pledges, pawned with Mr. John Isaacs, No. 616, Lower George-street, opposite the Old Gaol, on the dates specified as under:—
Aug. 3—One single percussion gun
One dozen bonnets
14—One gold watch
17—One flute and flageolet
One sacrament set, in case
19—One watch, No. 78,923, and gold Albert chain
23—One Dutch clock
One dozen pair earrings
One dozen gold rings
25—Two silver watches
26—One watch
27—One percussion gun
Jacket, trousers, vest, two shirts, and silk handkerchief
29—Trousers and vest
30—One scarf
Sept. 2—One lever watch, No. 1102
Jacket, trousers, and vest
One watch, No. 1192
4—One Quadrant
11—One gold Albert chain, and eye-glass
13—One coat
17 One sextant, superior
19—Five silver teaspoons, two table-spoons, and one fork
20 One quadrant, 3 violins
22—One watch, No. 1864
Shawl and garment
One watch, No. 18641
Oct. 1—One looking-glass
One quadrant
Three cards knives
One quadrant.
Also about 300 bundles, at 5s. and under, the whole to be sold without the least reserve. N. B.—A lunch will be provided.
The highest amount lent on watches, jewellery, wearing apparel, and all kinds of portable property. 578

SALE AT DELOITTE'S WHARF.

THE undersigned desires to call the attention of intending buyers to the extensive sale of General Merchandise and other effects, to be held at the late Stores of Henry Moore, Esq., Deloitte's Wharf, THIS DAY, Friday, at 11 o'clock.
The sale being held to clear the premises (Mr. Moore having removed to his former Wharf and Stores), it will be found well worth the attendance of tradesmen and others.
GEORGE A. LLOYD, Auctioneer.
City Mart, January 9. 764

AT DELOITTE'S WHARF, MILLER'S POINT.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD is instructed by Henry Moore, Esq., to sell by auction, at his late Stores, Deloitte's Wharf, Miller's Point, THIS DAY, Friday, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
1 Chinese sampan, oars and masts complete
191 Ditto baskets in lacquered ware, bamboo, &c., of various sizes
57 Ditto cane chairs
69 Ditto bamboo chairs
9 Ditto ditto reclining chairs
35 Ditto cane couches
5000 Ditto fancy tiles for garden walks
3 Cases ventilating drab hats
1 Ditto bonnets
7 Ditto ladies' boots, black and coloured
26 Ditto coloured window glass
5 Barrels spirits turpentine
1 Ditto sheet zinc
70 Casks nails, 1½, 2, 3½, and 4 inches
4 Ditto blocks
2 Ditto brushware
4 Cases carpeting and hearth rugs
3 Ditto lamps
3 Ditto fancy soaps (John Gosnell and Co.)
7 Boxes Eau de Cologne
10 Quarter casks sherry
263 Cases pale brandy (very superior)
3 Hogsheads brandy
177 Cases Geneva, 5 per cent. O.P.
10 Pipes cider
20 Hogsheads cider
16 Cases maccaroni
8 Ditto Italian paste
7 Ditto vermicelli
1 Ditto Manila cigars
77 Casks Port Phillip mess beef
16 Kegs tongues
A lot of empty casks
About 30 tons coals
&c., &c., &c.
ALSO,
The unoccupied term of lease of the whole of the wharf and extensive range of stores. The stores are capable of containing a very large quantity of goods. The wharf is provided with heaving down apparatus, for which it is well adapted, and frequently employed. There is also a large stock-yard on the premises, for the convenience of shipping horses, cattle, &c.
After which,
1 Set triangle and iron standard
3 Pairs scales
1 Ton of assorted weights, 56lb ditto
1 Iron wrench
Stages for three vessels
Heaving-down falls and blocks complete
4 Trucks, with iron wheels
2 Iron safes
1 Office table with drawers (slip desk)
Book-keepers' desk and table
6 Chairs
1 Copying press, complete
Oil cloth, &c., &c.
Terms at sale. 240

SURPLUS STORES,
Landed from the barque Arabia.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD is instructed to sell by auction, at the Circular Wharf, on MONDAY next, the 12th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The following surplus stores of the barque Arabia—
Rice
Biscuit
Beef
Soap
Tea
Fish and Onions
&c., &c.—Also,
3 Coppers
About 30 tuns Water Casks.
Terms at sale. 765

ELEGANT HOODED PHAETON.
The property of a gentleman about to leave the colony.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on THURSDAY next, the 15th instant, at 11 o'clock,
A very elegant English built hooded phaeton, nearly new; has all the latest improvements in manufacturing, and fitted for pair or single harness.
Will be at the sale rooms for inspection two days prior to the sale.
Terms at sale. 763

HORSES.

MR. ARMSTRONG, Veterinary Surgeon will sell, TO-MORROW, at half-past 2 o'clock,
4 fresh horses, accustomed to be ridden, driven in single and double harness, as leaders in tandem and unicorn, 15 hands 2 inches high, seasoned coachers.
1 bay gelding, an officer's charger
13 horses for saddle and harness 782

3 BUSHEL BAGS.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, 9th January, at 2 o'clock precisely,
Three bales 3-bushel Bags.
Terms at sale. 750

HEAVY BOILED CANVAS.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, 9th January, at 2 o'clock precisely,
One bale heavy Canvas, No. 1
One ditto ditto ditto 2
Two ditto ditto ditto 3
Two ditto ditto ditto 4
Terms at sale. 751

DAMAGED COFFEE.

On account of whom it may concern, ex Scotia, Strickland, master, from Madras, being damaged by sea water.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, January 9, at 2 o'clock precisely,
A&Co.§ 285, 294, 384, 66
4 Cases Coffee, each 80 lb., much damaged
A&Co.§ 3, 84, 357.
3 Cases Coffee, each 80 lb., slightly damaged
Terms, Cash. 752

YOUNG ENTIRE.

MR. BURT will sell by auction, at Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, at 11 o'clock,
GLADIATOR, a well bred powerful young entire, got by Owen Glendower out of a mare by Tom.
No reserve. 742

IMPORTED ARAB ENTIRE.

MR. BURT has received instructions to sell by auction, at Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, on Saturday next, the 10th instant, at 11 o'clock, precisely, the high caste
ARAB HORSE "CHANCE,"
Imported from Madras, per Scotia, in November last.
To Stud Masters this horse offers a desirable opportunity of procuring some of the DESERT BLOOD, without the great risk and cost of importing on their own account. 422

COACHING STALLION.

MR. BURT has received instructions to sell by auction, at Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, on SATURDAY next, the 10th instant, at 11 o'clock (immediately after the imported Arab Chance),
YOUNG HECTOR,
a nearly thoroughbred coaching stallion; a rich dapple brown, with black points; possessing great power. He is very docile, exceedingly quiet in both saddle and harness, and without exception the most perfect phaeton horse in Sydney.
☞ He is now on view at the Bazaar. 790

HORSES, HARNESS, GIGS, &c.

MR. BURT will sell at Stewart's Horse Bazaar, 208, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, at 11 o'clock,
A few very useful and well bred hacks
About 30 harness horses, amongst which are 10 suitable for heavy draught
4 saddles and bridles
A new stanhope gig
A phaeton
A dray and harness
2 carts, &c. 743

In the Intestate Estate of Michael Carroll, late of the South Head Road. By order of the Master in Equity.

MR. ALEXANDER MOORE has received instructions to sell, THIS MORNING, at the Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock precisely,
4 superior draught horses
1 cart and harness
Trace chain and 2 block pulleys
Wedges, hammer head, box of sundries, bedding, wearing apparel, and sundries.
Terms—cash. 780

BOOTS AND SHOES.
Without Reserve.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Friday, January 9, at half-past ten o'clock precisely,
3 trunks ladies' boots
4 ditto ditto shoes
At half-past Ten o'clock punctually.
Terms at sale. 572

Damaged Cravats and Parasols. On account of whom it may Concern. Ex Agricola, Bell, master, from London.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Friday, January 9, at half-past ten o'clock,
Part case
E&R
§ 102 §. 9 doz. satin cravats, much damaged
1 ditto ditto, slightly ditto
4½ doz. parasols, ditto ditto
3 ditto ditto much ditto
Terms, cash. 465

SUMMER DRAPERY AND SLOPS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Friday, the 9th January, at 11 o'clock,
ONE HUNDRED AND TWO PACKAGES of the undermentioned Goods, all to be sold without the least reserve—
6 Cases light de laines
4 Ditto ditto balzorines
3 Ditto ditto printed muslins
5 Ditto 5-4 fancy prints
7 Ditto 7-8 ditto plates
2 Ditto fancy shawls and handkerchiefs
2 Ditto Albert ties and cravats
1 Ditto real India corahs
1 Ditto choice bands.
2 Ditto printed cotton handkerchiefs
3 Ditto white ditto hose
4 Ditto brown ditto half ditto
2 Ditto children's ditto socks
1 Ditto fancy bonnet ribbons
1 Ditto ditto cap ditto
2 Ditto Tuscan bonnets
1 Ditto very fine Leghorn hats
2 Ditto rich silk and satin parasols
1 Ditto ditto ditto umbrellas
1 Ditto Brussels carpet bags
2 Ditto oil-cloth table covering.
SLOPS, FINE CLOTHING, AND BLANKETS.
8 Cases moleskin trousers
4 Ditto fancy doeskin ditto
2 Ditto laid cord ditto
2 Ditto black and coloured doeskin ditto
2 Ditto fancy shooting coats
1 Ditto superfine cloth ditto
2 Ditto white drill trousers
1 Ditto brown ditto ditto
2 Bales Scotch twilled shirts
2 Cases fine regatta ditto
4 Ditto white ditto, in boxes
2 Ditto regattas, ditto ditto
2 Bales blue shirts
1 Ditto bright scarlet ditto ditto
1 Ditto white kersey drawers
1 Ditto blue navy shirts
2 Ditto 8-4 blankets
3 Ditto 9-4 ditto
2 Ditto 10-4 ditto
2 Ditto 11-4 ditto
2 Ditto coloured counterpanes
2 Ditto 10-4 diaper rugs.
Terms at sale. 352

PONGEE HANDKERCHIEFS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Friday, the 9th January, at 11 o'clock,
50 Packages Pongee handkerchiefs
Terms at sale. 574

FANCY DOESKINS, TWEEDS, BROADCLOTHS, Fancy Vests, Superfine Trousers, and Coats.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Friday, the 9th January, at 11 o'clock,
2 Cases fancy doeskins
1 Ditto light cassimeres
2 Ditto black broadcloths
1 Ditto blue ditto ditto
2 Fancy doeskin trousers
1 Ditto black and blue cassimere ditto
2 Superfine cloth coats
1 Ditto rich fancy satin vests
2 Ditto alpaca coats
1 Ditto white dowlas.
Terms at sale. 463

LEGHORN HATS, STRAW BONNETS, AND CALIFORNIA HATS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Friday, the 9th of January, at 11 o'clock,
2 cases very fine Leghorn hats
2 ditto fancy bonnets
2 ditto California hats
Terms at sale. 464

PANAMA HATS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, THIS DAY, Friday, January 9, at eleven o'clock,
45 doz. Panama hats
Terms at sale. 466

SLATES, PITCH, OAKUM, CHAIN, SHIP'S STORES, &c.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON will sell by auction, at the Flour Company's Wharf, on MONDAY next, the 12th January, at half-past 10 o'clock,
The undermentioned Goods, now landing, ex Jessie Byrnes—
7 2-10 M. Countess slates
7 6-10 Ditto Viscountess ditto
7 8-10 Ditto Ladies ditto
XX 30 Barrels Stockholm tar
189 Bundles best oakum
90 Fathoms chain.
SHIP'S STORES.
10 Casks flour
10 Ditto beef
10 Ditto pork
5 Ditto peas
5 Ditto pearl barley
10 Tuns water casks
Ship's fittings and sundry stores.
The sale to commence at half-past 10 o'clock precisely.
Terms at sale. 685

BRIGHT JAVA SUGAR.
GROCERS' BRIGHT COUNTER SUGAR.
NINE HUNDRED AND FIFTY (950) BAGS.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON has received instructions to submit to public competition, on MONDAY next, 12th January, at his rooms at 12 o'clock precisely, to close a joint account,
F F § 10
404 bags sparkling crystal Java sugar, the purest counter sugar ever imported
F F § 11
407 bags bright clayed superior Java sugar
F F § 18
25 bags steam dried white sugar
F F § 14
22 bags ditto ditto
Residue, bright Muscavado
Samples at the rooms.
Terms at sale. 614

GLASSWARE.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, January 9, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Twenty-five casks Glassware, comprising—
Cut decanters, wines, tumblers, cruets, phials, deck lights, cruet frames, jugs, butters, creams, salts, custards and jellies, confectioners' glasses, stoppered rounds, seed boxes, fountains, &c.
Terms at sale. 591

AUSTRALIAN GOLD.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, January 9, at twelve o'clock precisely,
898 ozs. 10 dwts. Australian Gold. 469

SUPERB GOLD SPECIMENS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, January 9, at 11 o'clock precisely,
About 60 superb Gold specimens
Gold in the Matrix 761

THIRTY PACKAGES FLOWING BLUE EARTHENWARE AND CHINA,
From the celebrated House of James Green.
To Earthenware Dealers, Storekeepers, and Others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street, on TUESDAY next, January 13, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Two crates flowing blue dinner, pie, and cheese plates
One ditto ditto dishes, baking dishes, and covered dishes
Four ditto flowing blue ewers and basins, chamber sets
Two ditto flowing blue and mulberry chamber services
Five ditto jugs, three in set
Six ditto flowing blue cups and saucers
Two crates flowing blue and mulberry breakfast services
Two ditto ewers, basins, and chambers, bowls, mugs, trifle cans
Two ditto new style jugs, best blue, Archipelago green, blue pressed
Two tierces white and gold China breakfast cups, saucers, plates, basins, jugs, and butters to match
Two tierces breakfast, tea, and coffee services, China dove fibre
Also,
Two crates assorted willow ware, and containing dishes, plates, and butters.
Terms at sale. 760

TO STARCH MANUFACTURERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. GEORGE PICKERING has received instructions from the Proprietor to sell by public auction, THIS DAY, Friday, the 9th of January, opposite the Lady of the Lake, Public-house, Glebe,
The whole of the Stock-in-trade of a Starch Manufacturer, comprising—
4 Large frames
3 Ditto vats
Full set of sieves
Half-ton of starch, ready for working
Lot of wheat
Casks, tubs, spouts, stove
And other articles too numerous to mention
Terms, Cash. 731

MONDAY, 12th January.
To Upholsterers, Furniture Brokers, and Others.
Elegant Gilt CHIMNEY GLASSES.
TOILETTE GLASSES, MARBLE SLAB, &c.

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (Successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) will sell by auction at their Mart, 451, George-street, on MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
DC with 3 under in diamond.
4 Cases containing—

2 elegantly carved Gilt-frame Chimney Glasses			50 x 40
3 ditto	ditto	ditto	44 x 34
3 ditto	ditto	ditto	44 x 36
1 ditto	ditto	ditto	30 x 15
1 ditto	ditto	ditto	29 x 15
2 ditto	ditto	ditto	28 x 14
1 ditto	ditto	ditto	26 x 17
1 ditto	ditto	ditto	27 x 16
1 ditto	ditto	ditto	29 x 17
1 ditto	ditto	ditto	31 x 14
1 ditto	ditto	ditto	26 x 15
1 ditto	ditto	ditto	29 x 14
1 ditto	ditto	ditto	25 x 16
1 ditto	ditto	ditto	27 x 14
Case 3.			
14 moulded Tray Glasses, assorted patterns			17 x 13
1 ditto	ditto		18 x 14
1 plain	ditto		18 x 14
2 ditto	ditto		20 x 16
1 arm tray	ditto		21 x 17
2 twisted pillar ditto			24 x 18
1 ditto marble slab			24 x 18
Cases 1 and 2.			
18 Toilet Glasses, Marble Slabs,			18 x 14
9 ditto	ditto	ditto	20 x 16
11 ditto	ditto	ditto	18 x 14

☞ The above will be on view To-morrow, and on Monday, the morning of sale.
Terms—Under £25, cash; above that sum, approved bills at three months, dated from day of sale. 446

MONDAY, 12TH JANUARY.
TWO CAPITAL BUILDING ALLOTMENTS,

In Upper Pitt-street, Redfern (adjoining Mr. Morgan's property), and in Albert-street, Redfern, near the above; together with A WEATHER-BOARDED BUILDING, 24 feet long and 12 feet wide, standing on Mr. Morgan's land, to be taken down and removed; besides a quantity of Ledged Doors, Cedar Shelving, and other Building Materials, and sundries, contained in the above building.—For sale by auction by

PURKIS AND LAMBERT (successors to the late Mr. Samuel Lyons) at their Rooms, 451, George-street, on MONDAY, 12th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely,
DESCRIBED IN THE DEED AS
ALL THAT piece or parcel of Land at Redfern, in the district of Sydney, being lot 15 on Mr. G. C. Turner's plan, having a frontage to Pitt-street of 37 feet 6 inches, with a depth of 75 feet; bounded on the north by Stockwell's allotment, on the south by No. 16 allotment, on the west by M'Guire's allotment No. 14, and on the east by Pitt-street.
ALSO,
ALL THAT piece or parcel of Land at Redfern aforesaid, being lot No. 9 on the said plan, having a frontage to Albert-street of 25 feet by a depth of 75 feet; bounded on the east by Crow's allotment, on the west by a vacant allotment, No. 8, on the south by part of allotment No. 16, and on the north by Albert-street.
ALSO,
The Building on Mr. Morgan's Land, and Materials thereon, as above described.
Terms at sale.

TELESCOPES, MICROSCOPES, MARINE BAROMETERS, Enemas, Phantasmagoria Lanterns, Electric Batteries, Pocket Compasses, Mathematical Instruments, &c.
Just Landed.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, January 14th, at 11 o'clock,
Leather covered body day and night telescopes, of superior manufacture
Marine barometers, complete
Compound microscopes, in cases complete
Improved Enemas
Upright coil machines, with Smee's batteries
A large phantasmagoria lantern, with 3½ inch lenses, solar lamps, &c. with 14 inch slides; with views and comic subjects, and set of rackword astronomy, &c.
Smaller size magic lanterns, with slides, with various subjects
Gilt pocket compasses, in morroco and paper cases
Mathematical instruments, in cases complete
Box wood thermometers, &c.
Terms at sale. 787

LAW BOOKS.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, January 9, at 11 o'clock,
46 Volumes Standard Law Books, consisting of—
Sugden's Vendors and Purchasers, Archbold's Practice, Plunkett's Australian Magistrate, Stewart's Practice of Conveyancing, Williams' Law of Executors, Powell on Mortgages, Smith's Practice of the Courts of Chancery, Roscoe's Digest of the Law of Evidence, Sewell's Law of Coroner, Worthington on Wills, Grant's Chancery Practice, Crabb's Conveyancing Assistant, Gow on Partnership, Eden on the Bankrupt Law, Ryland's Circuit Companion, Ellis on Debtor and Creditor, Sugden on Powers, Blackstone's Commentaries, Plentoff on Real Property, Platt on Covenants, Steel's Shipmaster's Assistant, Merchant Seamen Law, Chitty on Bills, Attorneys' Pocket Book, Supplement to the Supreme Court Practice, &c., &c. Terms, cash. 789

NEW BOOKS, STATIONERY, ACCOUNT BOOKS, Engravings, Fancy Articles, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, January 9, at eleven o'clock,
Six cases New Books, Stationery, Account Books, &c., consisting of—
Popular Novels, Tales, Romances, Historical, Biographical, and Works of General Literature
Juvenile Amusing and Instructive Books
School books, slates and pencils
Account and memorandum books
Wrapping paper and various stationery
India rubber, sealing wax, wafers
Fancy stationery and other articles
A few fine engravings
Large size envelopes, &c.
Terms at sale. 788

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF ACTON SILLITOE.
By order of the Official Assignee.
40 Acres of Land at Bowen's Hollow, and the remaining Assets.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON is instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on THURSDAY, January 15, at 11 o'clock,
40 Acres of Land at Bowen's Hollow, county of Cook, bounded on the north by the Bathurst road, being part of the 100 acres granted to John Cox.
ALSO,
The right and interest of the Official Assignee in and unto all the remaining Assets of the above Estate, particulars of which may be ascertained on application to the Assignee, or at the office of the auctioneer.
Terms—cash. 786

Important Sale of the Entire Cargo of the CHAMPION, from Singapore, upon which the Importers have placed NO RESERVE WHATEVER, but on the contrary have given special instructions that the whole is to go to the HIGHEST BIDDER.

MR. MORT is instructed by the Importers to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, without any reserve whatever, THIS DAY, Friday, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
The following well selected Goods—
EX CHAMPION.
50 hogsheads Whitbread's porter
58 barrels molasses
42 ditto Tinto port wine
23 bundles canvas (Bengal)
6 cases sardines
862 5 catty boxes black tea
331 10 catty boxes ditto ditto
23 cases spices
70 boxes preserves (China)
12 bales gunny bags
5 bales British canvas
45 barrels pork
50 boxes soap
20 tubs sugar candy
4 cases silk handkerchiefs
9 bags white pepper
50 boxes tin plates
214 boxes sago
152 bags coffee
337 bags ginger
940 bags rice
1698 bags Siam sugar
182 bags Singapore sugar
10 cases Singapore sugar
54 boxes arrowroot
Also,
Ex Duchess of Northumberland.
300 bags table rice
100 bags Kham sugar
77 coils hemp woollashing
102 coils jute ditto ditto
143 bundles oakum
20 bales ditto
3 bales door mats
☞ The sale will commence with teas, sugars, and other groceries.
Terms at sale. 564

SUGAR, SAGO, RICE, PEPPER, &c.

On account of whom it may concern, ex Champion, from Singapore, damaged by sea water.

MESS. MORT will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, 9th January, at eleven o'clock precisely,

BS 55-59	5 bales canvas
SC	58 bags Siam sugar
S2C	29 ditto ditto
JAS	29 ditto ditto
PE	4 ditto ditto
TR	15 bags rice
SC 1	4 ditto ditto
DT D	20 ditto ditto
SC&Co. 3	11 cases sago
BP	18 bags black pepper

Terms, Cash. 768

PORT WINE,

Direct from Oporto, being a portion of the cargo of the Robert Syers, from that port, as also the remaining portion of the cargo of the Laurence's cargo from the same port, the whole being HUNT'S CELEBRATED BRAND.
Terms—Liberal, will be made known at time of sale.

MR. MORT has been instructed by Messrs. Lamb, Parbury, and Co., to sell by public auction, at their stores, Fort-street, Darling Harbour, on FRIDAY, the 16th instant, at 11 o'clock, the following assortment of Hunt's much esteemed wines, viz.:—
Ex Robert Syers
A portion of the cargo of the barque Robert Syers, from Oporto,
4 diamonds
90 quarters port
3 diamonds
35 hogsheads ditto
Same brand
50 quarter-casks ditto
M in circle
57 cases, each 3 doz.
100 ditto ditto 2 ditto
199 ditto ditto 1 ditto
After which,
The remainder of the cargo of the Laurence.
1 diamond
16 pipes
22 hogsheads
E
300 quarters
2 diamonds
10 pipes
5 hogsheads
148 quarters
6 cases, 3 doz.
33 ditto 2 ditto
63 ditto 1 ditto
Also,
336 bags St. Ubes salt
24 baskets, each 20 gross corks.
☞ The very high rates ruling for Port Wines in Oporto and in England absolutely prohibit from the shipments for these colonies, and there can be no doubt but that prices here must advance considerably, irrespective of the lift which they will experience from the increased demand upon a very limited supply.
The attention of connoisseurs is particularly called to the diamond port in quarter-casks, as it is the finest shipment of that recherché quality ever made. 769

FOUR-ROOMED COTTAGE, situate in Burton-street, South Head Road, near Lyons-terrace.

MR. MORT is instructed to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on MONDAY, 12th January, at eleven o'clock,
A four-roomed Verandah Cottage, brick-built and slated roof, situate in Burton-street, just off the South Head Road, by Lyons-terrace. The house has good offices, &c., but is not quite finished, the proprietor, however, undertakes to finish the building for £35.
The frontage to Burton-street is 25 feet, and 16 feet to Palmer-street; the depth to one frontage being 100 feet, and to the other 83 feet.
☞ A cap